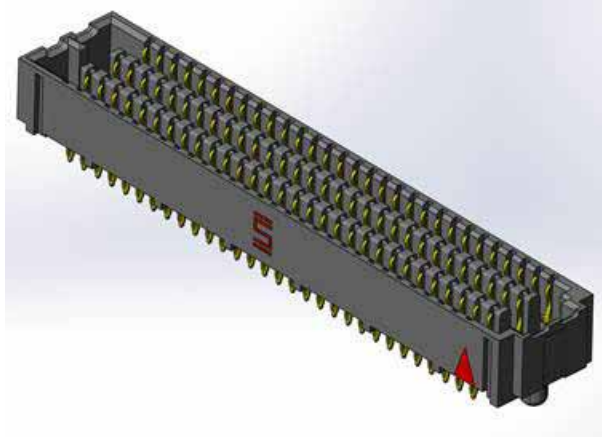




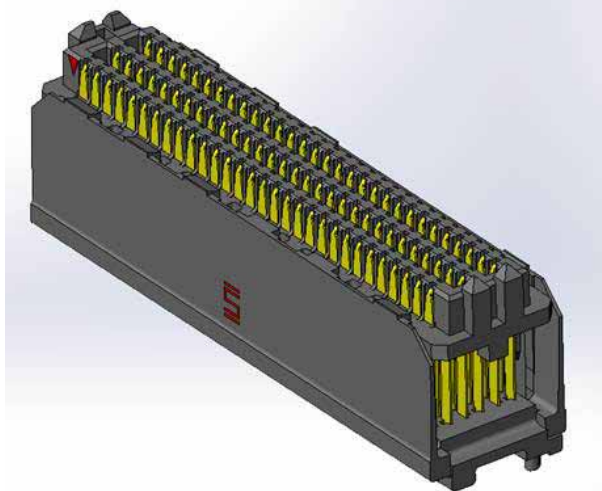
High Speed Characterization Report

SEAFP-XX-05.0-X-XX



Mates with

SEAM-XX-11.0-X-XX-2-A



Description:
Open Pin Field Array, 1.27mm x 1.27mm Pitch
16 mm Stack Height

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table of Contents

Connector Overview	1
Connector System Speed Rating	1
Frequency Domain Data Summary	2
Table 1 - Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Performance	2
Table 2 - Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Performance	3
Table 3 - Differential Optimal Horizontal Performance	4
Table 4 - Differential Optimal Vertical Performance	5
Table 5 - Differential High Density Vertical Performance	6
Bandwidth Charts – Single-Ended & Differential Insertion Loss	7
Time Domain Data Summary	8
Table 6 – Single-End Impedance (Ω) – 1:1 S/G Pattern	8
Table 7 – Single-End Impedance (Ω) – 2:1 S/G Pattern	8
Table 8 – Differential Impedance (Ω) – Optimal Horizontal	9
Table 9 – Differential Impedance (Ω) – Optimal Vertical	9
Table 10 – Differential Impedance (Ω) – High Density Vertical	10
Table 11 - Single-Ended Crosstalk (%) – 1:1 S/G Pattern	11
Table 12 - Single-Ended Crosstalk (%) – 2:1 S/G Pattern	12
Table 13 - Differential Crosstalk (%) – Optimal Horizontal	13
Table 14 - Differential Crosstalk (%) – Optimal Vertical	14
Table 15 - Differential Crosstalk (%) – High Density Vertical	15
Table 16 - Propagation Delay (Mated Connector)	16
Characterization Details	17
Differential and Single-Ended Data	17
Connector Signal to Ground Ratio	17
Frequency Domain Data	20
Time Domain Data	21
Appendix A – Frequency Domain Response Graphs	22
Single-Ended Application – Insertion Loss	22
Single-Ended Application – Return Loss	22
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT	23
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT	23
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT	24
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT	24
Differential Application – Insertion Loss	25
Differential Application – Return Loss	25
Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT	26
Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT	26
Differential Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT	27

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT	27
Differential High Density Vertical Application – NEXT	28
Differential High Density Vertical Application – FEXT	28
Appendix B – Time Domain Response Graphs	29
Single-Ended Application – Input Pulse	29
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – Impedance	29
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – Propagation Delay	30
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – Impedance	30
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – Propagation Delay	31
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM A18_SEAM C18	31
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM A18_SEAFP C18	32
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM C16_SEAM C18	32
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM C16_SEAFP C18	33
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM C16_SEAM D15	33
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM C16_SEAFP D15	34
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM E10_SEAM F10	34
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM E10_SEAFP F10	35
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM E10_SEAM F11	35
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM E10_SEAFP F11	36
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM F10_SEAM F11	36
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM F10_SEAFP F11	37
Differential Application – Input Pulse	37
Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – Impedance	38
Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – Propagation Delay	38
Differential Optimal Vertical Application – Impedance	39
Differential Optimal Vertical Application – Propagation Delay	39
Differential High Density Vertical Application – Impedance	40
Differential High Density Vertical Application – Propagation Delay	40
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT, SEAM A15,A16_SEAM C15,C16	41
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT, SEAM A15,A16_SEAFP C15,C16	41
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT, SEAM C15,C16_SEAM D17,D18	42
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT, SEAM C15,C16_SEAFP D17,D18	42
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT, SEAM D17,D18_SEAM D21,D22	43
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT, SEAM D17,D18_SEAFP D21,D22	43
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM A16,B16_SEAM E16,F16	44
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM A16,B16_SEAFP E16,F16	44
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM C19,D19_SEAM E18,F18	45
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM C19,D19_SEAFP E18,F18	45
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM E16,F16_SEAM E18,F18	46
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM E16,F16_SEAFP E18,F18	46
Diff High Density Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM B15,C15_SEAM B17,C17	47

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff High Density Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM B15,C15_SEAFP B17,C17	47
Diff High Density Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM B17,C17_SEAM D18,E18	48
Diff High Density Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM B17,C17_SEAFP D18,E18	48
Diff High Density Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM D18,E18_SEAM E17,F17	49
Diff High Density Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM D18,E18_SEAFP E17,F17	49
Appendix C – Product and Test System Descriptions	50
Product Description	50
Test System Description	50
PCB-105043-TST-XX Test Fixtures.....	50
PCB-105043-TST-XX PCB Layout Panel	51
PCB Fixtures	52
Calibration Board.....	54
Appendix D – Test and Measurement Setup.....	56
N5230C Measurement Setup	56
Test Instruments.....	56
Test Cables & Adapters.....	56
DSA8200 Measurement Setup	57
Test Instruments.....	57
Test Cables & Adapters.....	57
Appendix E - Frequency and Time Domain Measurements	58
Frequency (S-Parameter) Domain Procedures	58
Time Domain Procedures	58
Propagation Delay (TDT)	58
Near-End Crosstalk (TDT) & Far End Crosstalk (TDT)	59
Impedance (TDR).....	59
Appendix F – Glossary of Terms.....	60

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Connector Overview

SEAFP/SEAM is a 1.27mm x 1.27mm pitch interconnects system for elevated high-speed board-to-board applications. The open pin field design allows for dual signaling and is suitable for Fiber Channel, Rapid I/O, PCIe, SATA and Infiniband data rates. The SEAFP/SEAM Series is available in 4, 6, 8, and 10 row open pin field arrays. Pins per row selections are 10, 20, 30, 40, or 50. This report reflects only the hi-speed electrical characteristics specific to a mated 16mm stack height SEAFP/SEAM test system.

Connector System Speed Rating

SEAFP/SEAM Series, 1.27mm x 1.27mm (.050" x .050") pitch interconnect, 16 mm Stack Height.

<u>Signaling</u>	<u>Speed Rating</u>
Single-Ended: 1:1 S/G	12 GHz/ 24Gbps
Single-Ended: 2:1 S/G	12 GHz/ 24Gbps
Differential: Optimal Horizontal	12 GHz/ 24Gbps
Differential: Optimal Vertical	12 GHz/ 24Gbps
Differential: High Density Vertical	12GHz/ 24Gbps

The Speed Rating is based on the -3 dB insertion loss point of the connector system. The -3 dB point can be used to estimate usable system bandwidth in a typical, two-level signaling environment.

To calculate the Speed Rating, the measured -3 dB point is rounded up to the nearest half-GHz level. The up-rounding corrects for a portion of the test board's trace loss, since a short length of trace loss is included in the loss data in this report. The resulting loss value is then doubled to determine the approximate maximum data rate in Gigabits per second (Gbps).

For example, a connector with a -3 dB point of 7.8 GHz would have a Speed Rating of 8 GHz/ 16 Gbps. A connector with a -3 dB point of 7.2 GHz would have a Speed Rating of 7.5 GHz/15 Gbps.

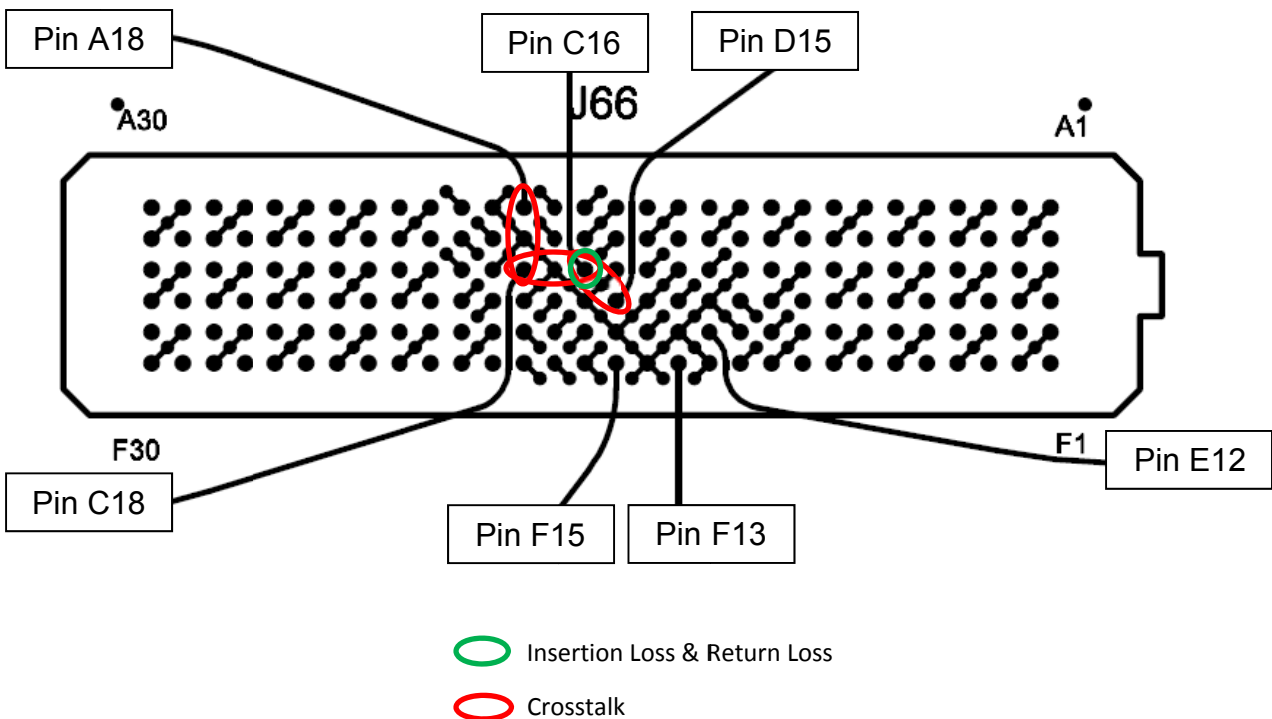
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Frequency Domain Data Summary

Table 1 - Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Performance			
Test Parameter	Driver	Receiver	
Insertion Loss	SEAM_C16	SEAFP_C16	3dB@ 12 GHz
Return Loss	SEAM_C16	SEAM_C16	>10dB to 4.4 GHz
Near-End Crosstalk	SEAM_A18	SEAM_C18	<-20dB to 20 GHz
	SEAM_C16	SEAM_C18	<-20dB to 20 GHz
	SEAM_C16	SEAM_D15	<-20dB to 20 GHz
Far-End Crosstalk	SEAM_A18	SEAFP_C18	<-20dB to 20 GHz
	SEAM_C16	SEAFP_C18	<-20dB to 19.3 GHz
	SEAM_C16	SEAFP_D15	<-20dB to 20 GHz

Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Pin Map

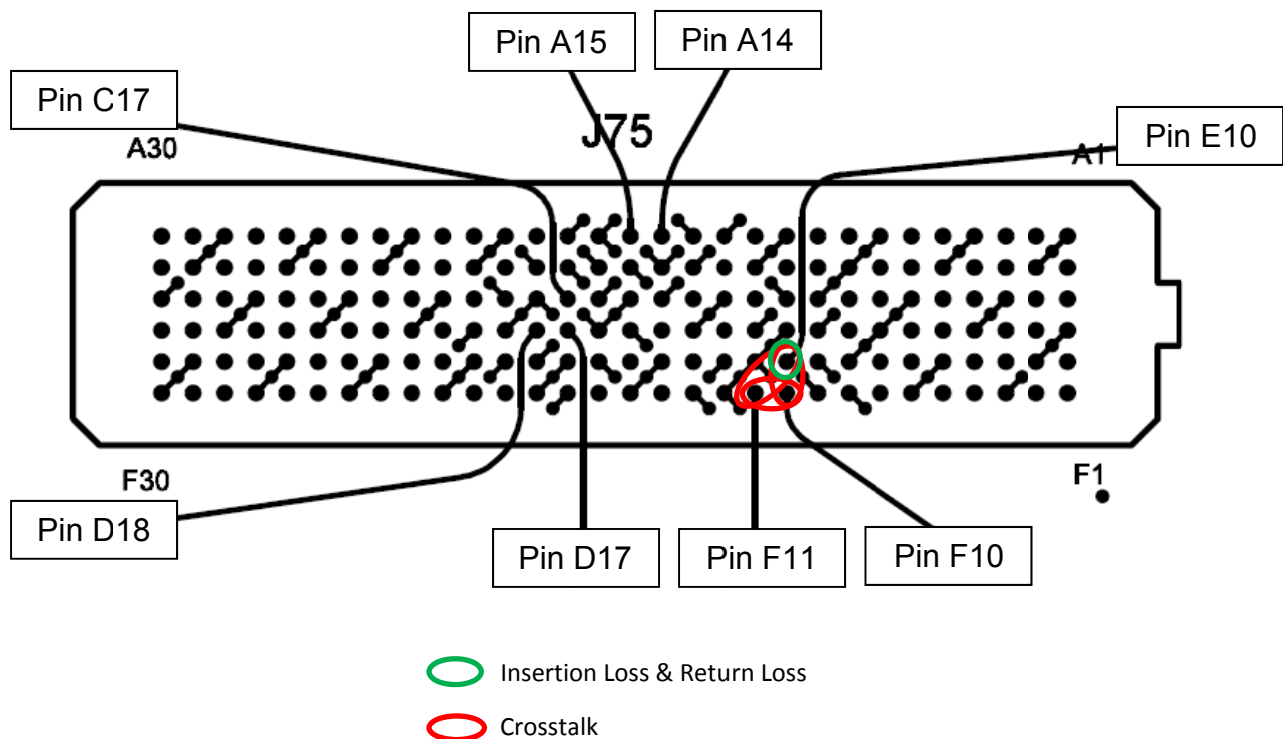


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 2 - Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Performance			
Test Parameter	Driver	Receiver	
Insertion Loss	SEAM_E10	SEAFP_E10	3dB@ 12 GHz
Return Loss	SEAM_E10	SEAM_E10	>10dB to 4.3 GHz
Near-End Crosstalk	SEAM_E10	SEAM_F10	<-20dB to 1.2 GHz
	SEAM_E10	SEAM_F11	<-20dB to 14.7 GHz
	SEAM_F10	SEAM_F11	<-20dB to 0.5GHz
Far-End Crosstalk	SEAM_E10	SEAFP_F10	<-20dB to 20 GHz
	SEAM_E10	SEAFP_F11	<-20dB to 20 GHz
	SEAM_F10	SEAFP_F11	<-20dB to 7.6 GHz

Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Pin Map

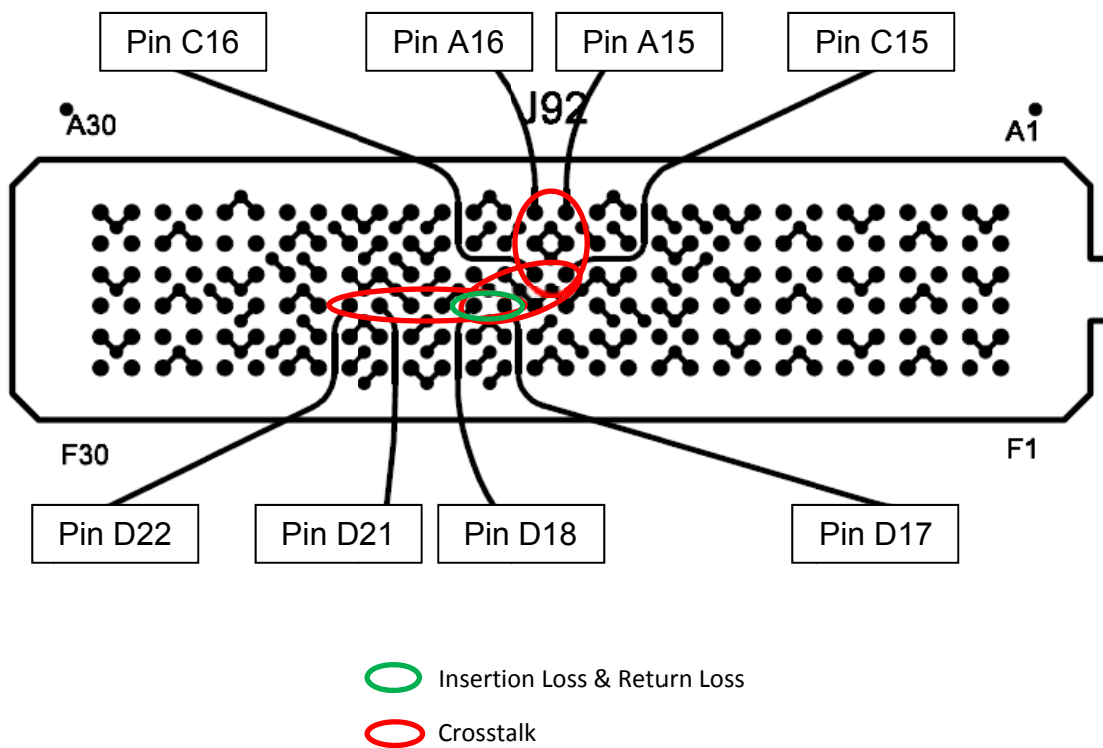


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 3 - Differential Optimal Horizontal Performance			
Test Parameter	Driver	Receiver	
Insertion Loss	SEAM_D17,D18	SEAFP_D17,D18	3dB@ 11.9 GHz
Return Loss	SEAM_D17,D18	SEAM_D17,D18	>10dB to 4.8 GHz
Near-End Crosstalk	SEAM_A15,A16	SEAM_C15,C16	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_C15,C16	SEAM_D17,D18	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_D17,D18	SEAM_D21,D22	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
Far-End Crosstalk	SEAM_A15,A16	SEAFP_C15,C16	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_C15,C16	SEAFP_D17,D18	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_D17,D18	SEAFP_D21,D22	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz

Differential Optimal Horizontal Pin Map

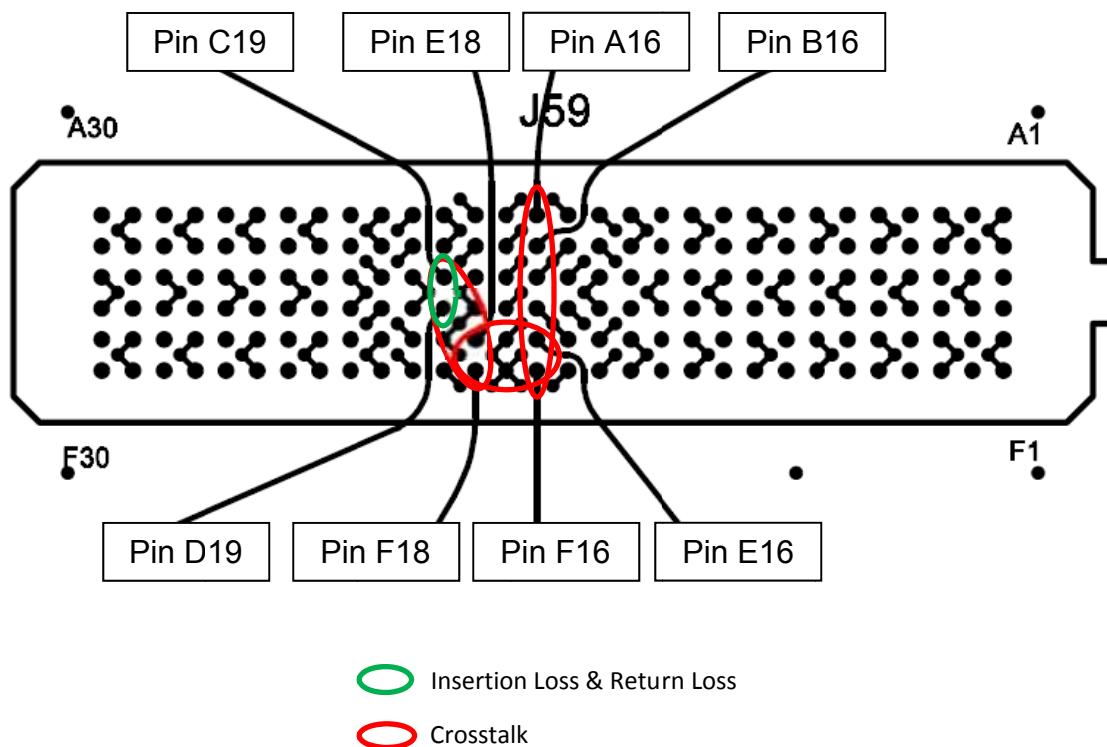


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 4 - Differential Optimal Vertical Performance			
Test Parameter	Driver	Receiver	
Insertion Loss	SEAM_C19,D19	SEAFP_C19,D19	3dB@ 11.7 GHz
Return Loss	SEAM_C19,D19	SEAM_C19,D19	>10dB to 4.6 GHz
Near-End Crosstalk	SEAM_A16,B16	SEAM_E16,F16	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_C19,D19	SEAM_E18,F18	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_E16,F16	SEAM_E18,F18	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
Far-End Crosstalk	SEAM_A16,B16	SEAFP_E16,F16	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_C19,D19	SEAFP_E18,F18	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_E16,F16	SEAFP_E18,F18	<-20dB to 19.7GHz

Differential Optimal Vertical Pin Map

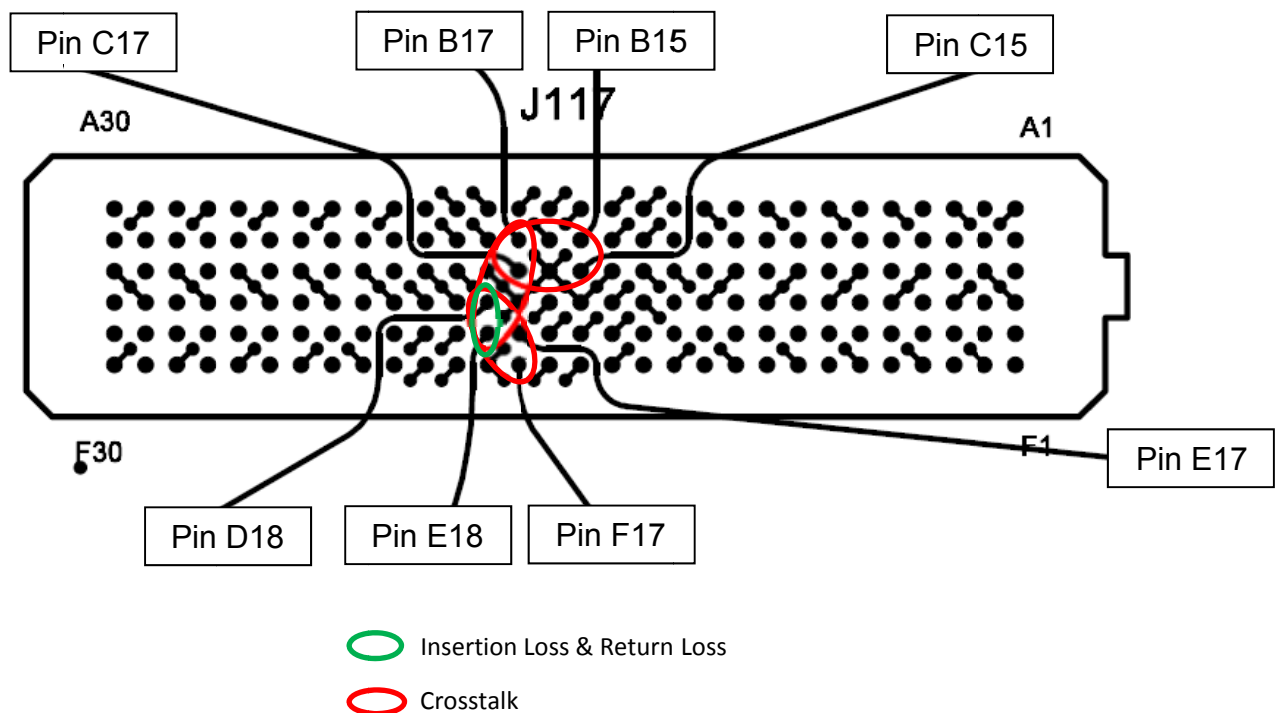


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 5 - Differential High Density Vertical Performance			
Test Parameter	Driver	Receiver	
Insertion Loss	SEAM_D18,E18	SEAFP_D18,E18	3dB@ 12 GHz
Return Loss	SEAM_D18,E18	SEAM_D18,E18	>10dB to 4.6 GHz
Near-End Crosstalk	SEAM_B15,C15	SEAM_B17,C17	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_B17,C17	SEAM_D18,E18	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_D18,E18	SEAM_E17,F17	<-20dB to 16.3 GHz
Far-End Crosstalk	SEAM_B15,C15	SEAM_B17,C17	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_B17,C17	SEAM_D18,E18	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz
	SEAM_D18,E18	SEAFP_E17,F17	<-20dB to 20.0 GHz

Differential High Density Vertical Pin Map

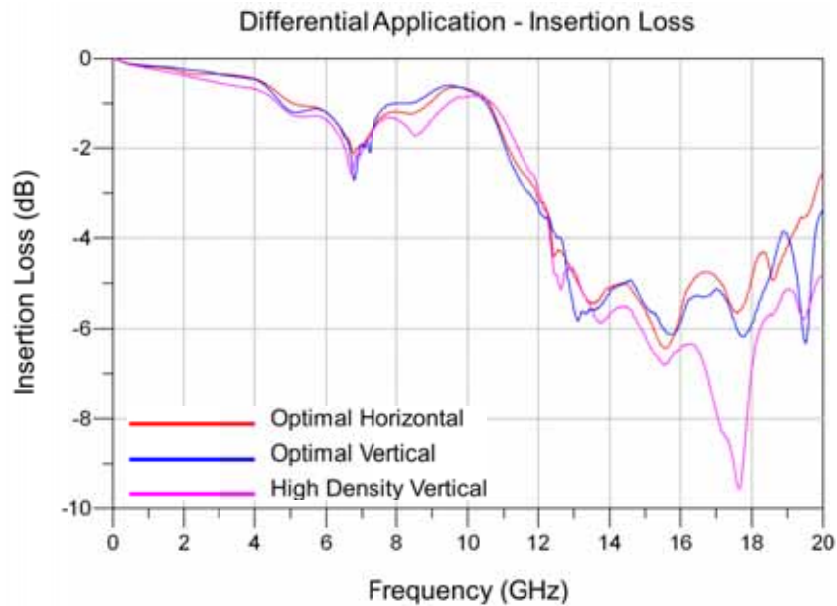
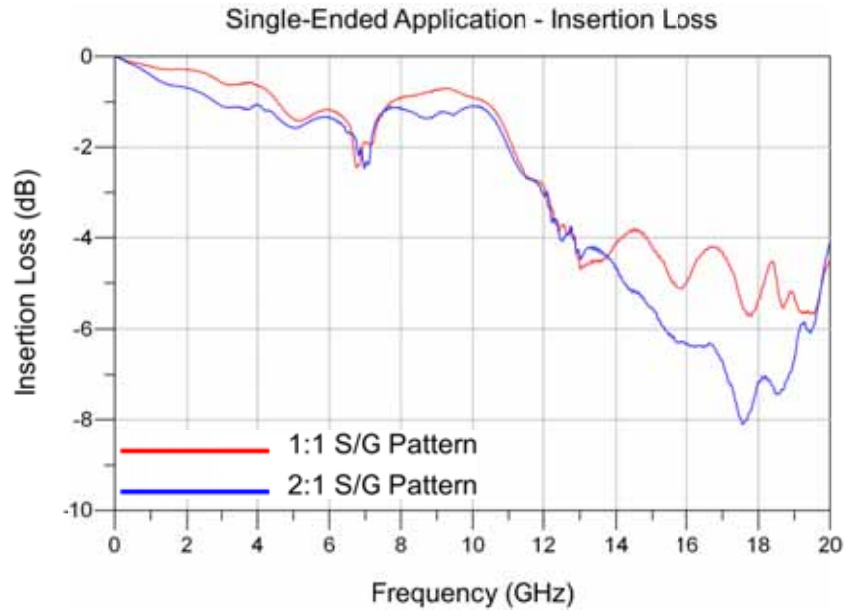


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Bandwidth Charts – Single-Ended & Differential Insertion Loss

SEAFP/SEAM Array Series



Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Time Domain Data Summary

Table 6 – Single-End Impedance (Ω) – 1:1 S/G Pattern					
Signal Risetime	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
Maximum Impedance	63.99	62.33	58.80	54.14	52.58
Minimum Impedance	46.71	47.38	48.45	48.71	49.11

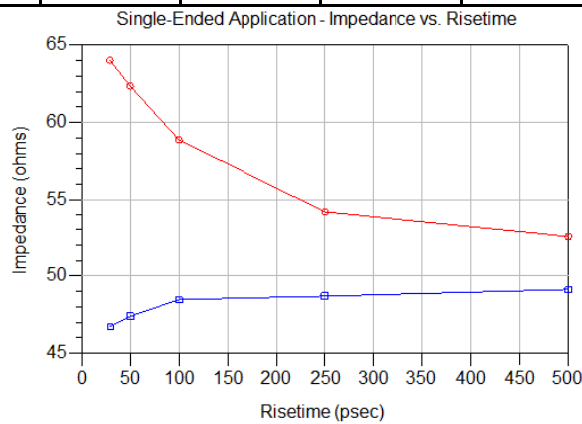
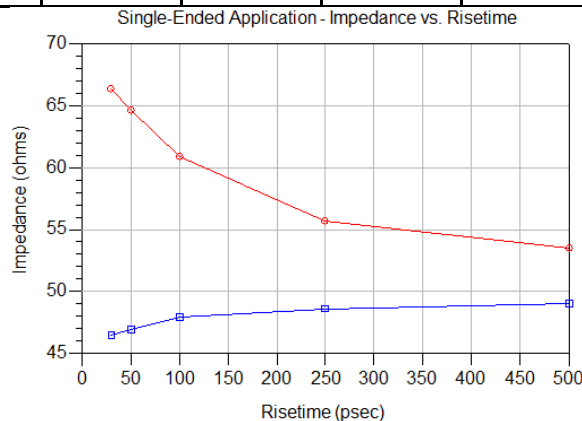


Table 7 – Single-End Impedance (Ω) – 2:1 S/G Pattern					
Signal Risetime	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
Maximum Impedance	66.41	64.68	60.92	55.78	53.47
Minimum Impedance	46.45	46.90	47.93	48.58	48.97



Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 8 – Differential Impedance (Ω) – Optimal Horizontal					
Signal Risetime	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
Maximum Impedance	104.65	103.49	103.00	102.28	100.91
Minimum Impedance	84.68	87.33	92.01	95.13	96.86

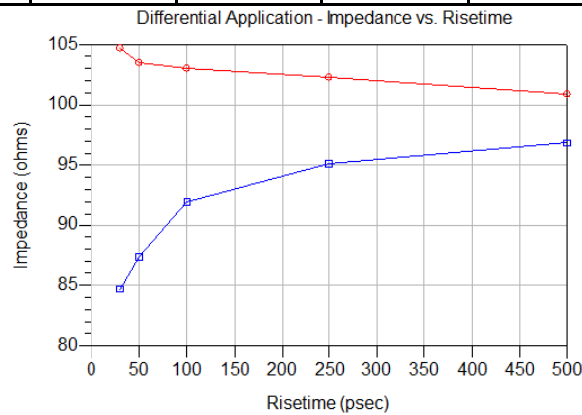
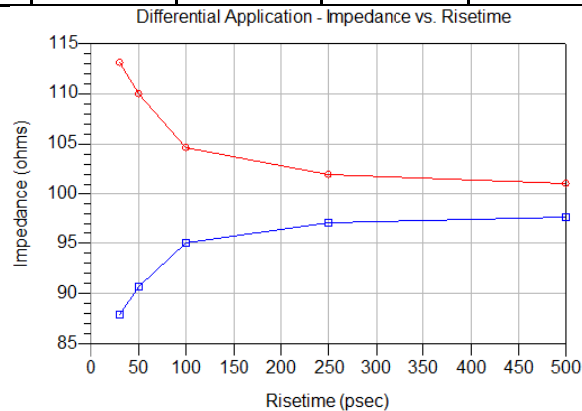


Table 9 – Differential Impedance (Ω) – Optimal Vertical					
Signal Risetime	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
Maximum Impedance	113.12	109.92	104.60	101.94	101.01
Minimum Impedance	87.92	90.71	95.01	97.14	97.70

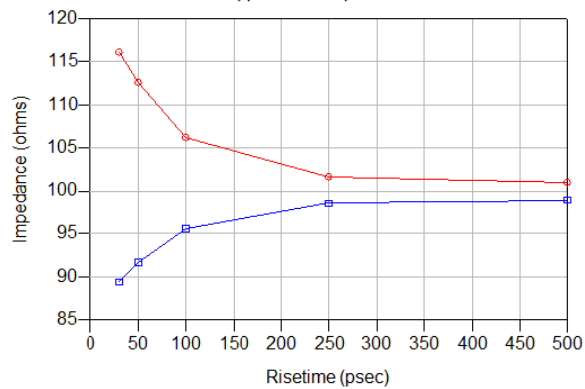


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 10 – Differential Impedance (Ω) – High Density Vertical					
Signal Risetime	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
Maximum Impedance	116.03	112.56	106.15	101.64	100.98
Minimum Impedance	89.37	91.67	95.52	98.51	98.90

Differential Application - Impedance vs. Risetime

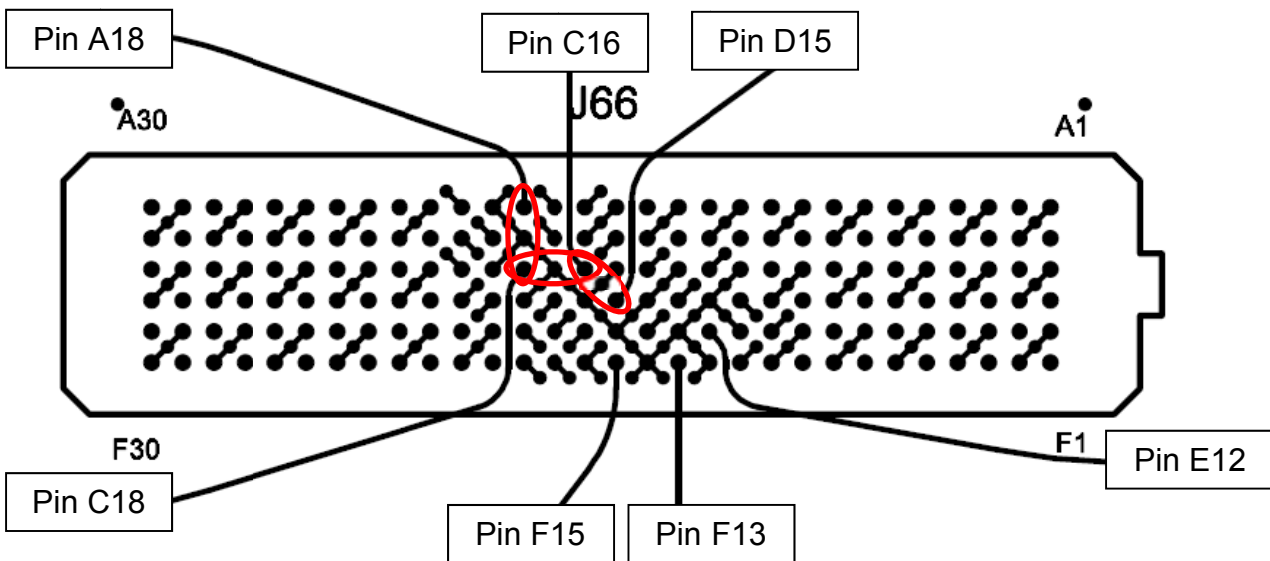


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 11 - Single-Ended Crosstalk (%) – 1:1 S/G Pattern							
Input(tr)	Driver	Receiver	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
NEXT	SEAM_A18	SEAM_C18	0.28	0.24	0.21	0.14	<0.1
	SEAM_C16	SEAM_C18	0.62	0.59	0.45	0.28	0.16
	SEAM_C16	SEAM_D15	2.74	2.46	2.26	1.44	0.83
FEXT	SEAM_A18	SEAFP_C18	0.30	0.23	0.18	0.12	<0.1
	SEAM_C16	SEAFP_C18	0.42	0.27	0.21	0.14	<0.1
	SEAM_C16	SEAFP_D15	0.98	0.85	0.73	0.42	0.26

Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Crosstalk Pin Map

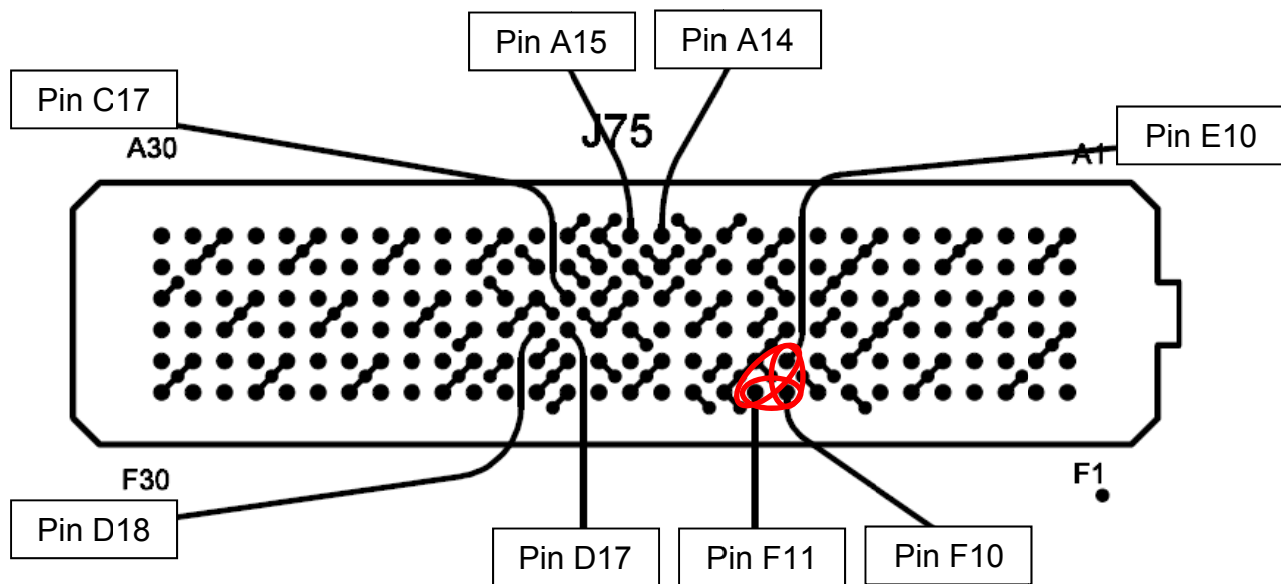


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 12 - Single-Ended Crosstalk (%) – 2:1 S/G Pattern							
Input(tr)	Driver	Receiver	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
NEXT	SEAM_E10	SEAM_F10	9.62	8.63	8.11	5.59	3.38
	SEAM_E10	SEAM_F11	3.90	3.73	3.48	2.44	1.56
	SEAM_F10	SEAM_F11	17.78	16.10	15.19	10.37	6.18
FEXT	SEAM_E10	SEAFP_F10	4.22	3.83	3.35	2.14	1.32
	SEAM_E10	SEAFP_F11	2.88	2.66	2.41	1.58	0.96
	SEAM_F10	SEAFP_F11	7.09	5.66	5.25	3.52	2.12

Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Crosstalk Pin Map

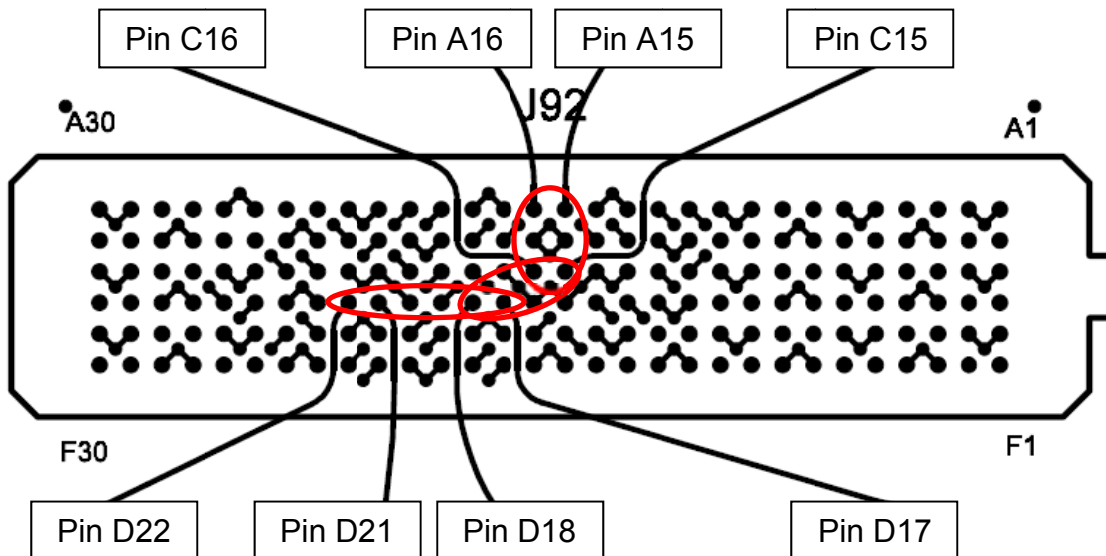


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 13 - Differential Crosstalk (%) – Optimal Horizontal							
Input(tr)	Driver	Receiver	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
NEXT	SEAM_A15,A16	SEAM_C15,C16	0.20	0.14	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	SEAM_C15,C16	SEAM_D17,D18	0.94	0.83	0.78	0.49	0.27
	SEAM_D17,D18	SEAM_D21,D22	0.15	0.10	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
FEXT	SEAM_A15,A16	SEAFP_C15,C16	0.22	0.16	0.10	<0.1	<0.1
	SEAM_C15,C16	SEAFP_D17,D18	0.17	0.13	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	SEAM_D17,D18	SEAFP_D21,D22	0.26	0.18	0.10	<0.1	<0.1

Differential Optimal Horizontal Crosstalk Pin Map

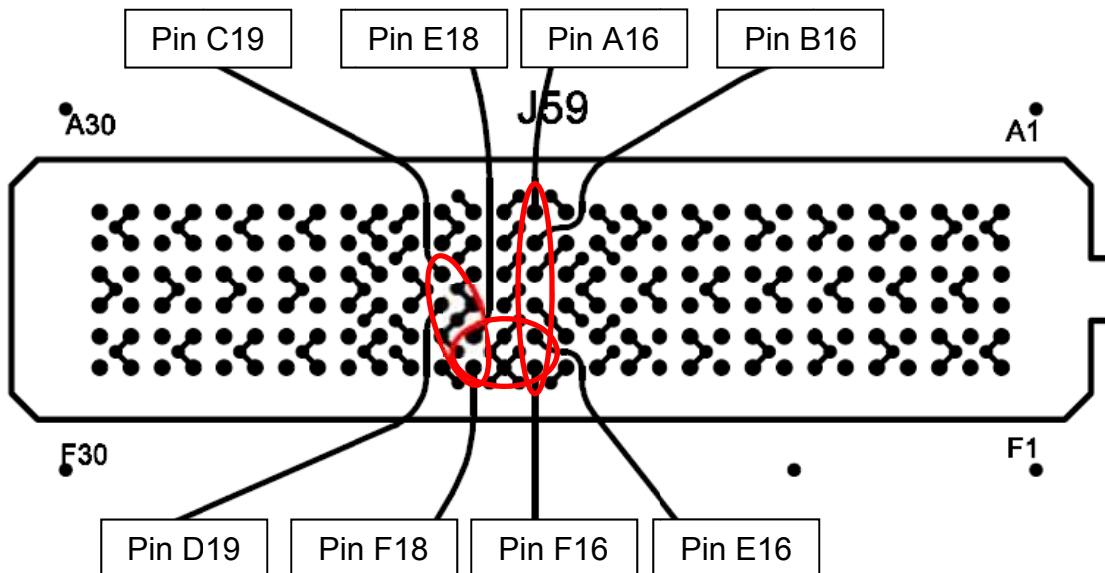


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 14 - Differential Crosstalk (%) – Optimal Vertical							
Input(tr)	Driver	Receiver	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
NEXT	SEAM_A16,B16	SEAM_E16,F16	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	SEAM_C19,D19	SEAM_E18,F18	1.22	1.11	0.98	0.61	0.32
	SEAM_E16,F16	SEAM_E18,F18	0.90	0.73	0.58	0.35	0.20
FEXT	SEAM_A16,B16	SEAFP_E16,F16	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
	SEAM_C19,D19	SEAFP_E18,F18	0.76	0.56	0.31	0.12	<0.1
	SEAM_E16,F16	SEAFP_E18,F18	1.04	0.68	0.38	0.17	0.10

Differential Optimal Vertical Crosstalk Pin Map

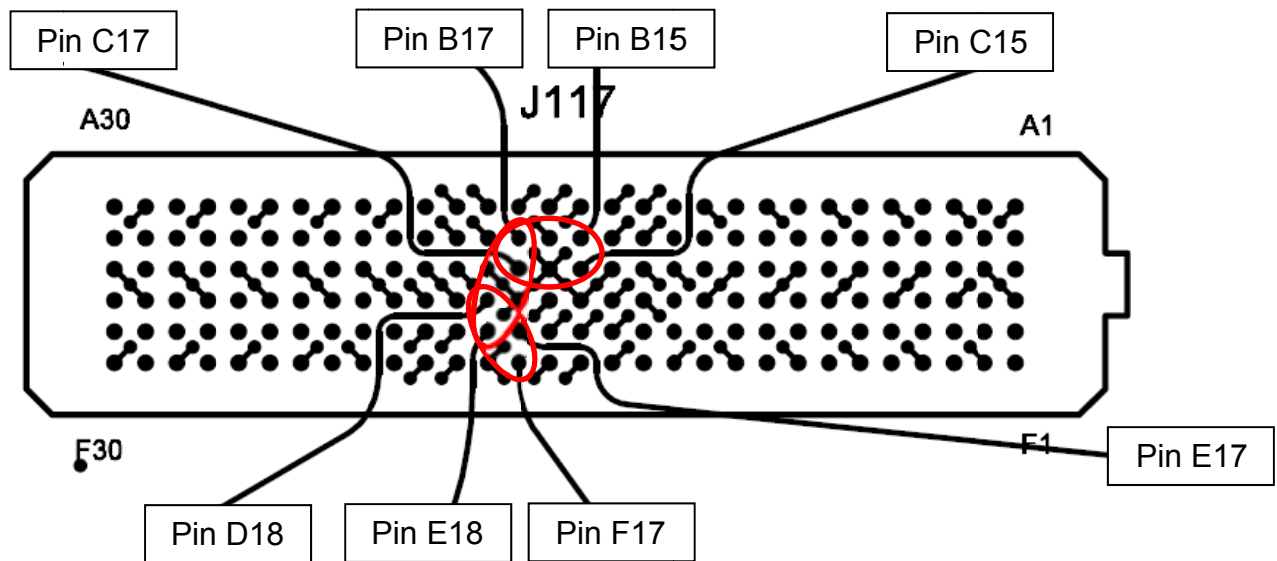


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 15 - Differential Crosstalk (%) – High Density Vertical							
Input(tr)	Driver	Receiver	30 ps	50 ps	100 ps	250 ps	500 ps
NEXT	SEAM_B15,C15	SEAM_B17,C17	0.75	0.71	0.64	0.45	0.28
	SEAM_B17,C17	SEAM_D18,E18	1.12	0.97	0.89	0.56	0.31
	SEAM_D18,E18	SEAM_E17,F17	4.16	3.92	3.41	2.16	1.22
FEXT	SEAM_B15,C15	SEAM_B17,C17	0.99	0.80	0.63	0.44	0.25
	SEAM_B17,C17	SEAM_D18,E18	0.45	0.28	0.14	<0.1	<0.1
	SEAM_D18,E18	SEAFP_E17,F17	1.05	0.80	0.42	0.10	<0.1

Differential High Density Vertical Crosstalk Pin Map



Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Table 16 - Propagation Delay (Mated Connector)	
Single-Ended: 1:1 S/G	113 ps
Single-Ended: 2:1 S/G	118 ps
Differential: Optimal Horizontal	109 ps
Differential: Optimal Vertical	111 ps
Differential: High Density Vertical	110 ps

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Characterization Details

This report presents data that characterizes the signal integrity response of a connector pair in a controlled printed circuit board (PCB) environment. All efforts are made to reveal typical best-case responses inherent to the system under test (SUT).

In this report, the SUT includes the connector pair and footprint effects on a typical multi-layer PCB. PCB effects (trace loss) are de-embedded from test data. Board related effects, such as pad-to-ground capacitance, are included in the data presented in this report.

Additionally, intermediate test signal connections can mask the connector's true performance. Such connection effects are minimized by using high performance test cables and adapters. Where appropriate, calibration and de-embedding routines are also used to reduce residual effects.

Differential and Single-Ended Data

Most Samtec connectors can be used successfully in both differential and single-ended applications. However, electrical performance will differ depending on the signal drive type. In this report, data is presented for both differential and single-ended drive scenarios.

Connector Signal to Ground Ratio

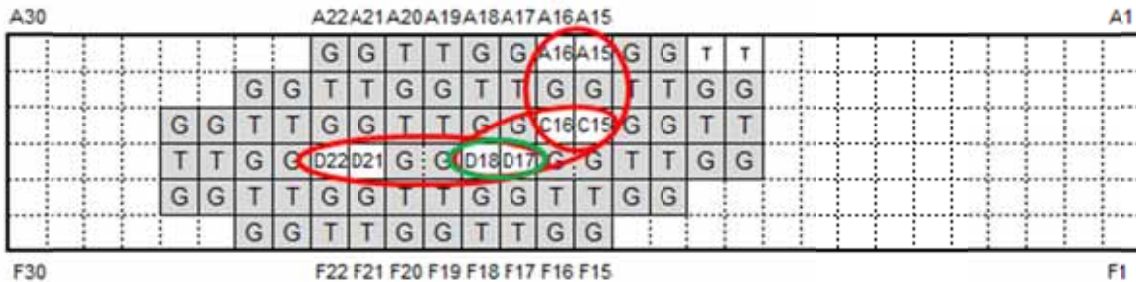
Samtec connectors are most often designed for generic applications and can be implemented using various signal and ground pin assignments. In high speed systems, provisions must be made in the interconnect for signal return currents. Such paths are often referred to as "ground". In some connectors, a ground plane or blade, or an outer shield, is used as the signal return, while in others, connector pins are used as signal returns. Various combinations of signal pins, ground blades, and shields can also be utilized. Electrical performance can vary significantly depending upon the number and location of ground pins.

In general, the more pins dedicated to ground, the better electrical performance will be. But dedicating pins to ground reduces signal density of a connector. Therefore, care must be taken when choosing signal/ground ratios in cost or density-sensitive applications.

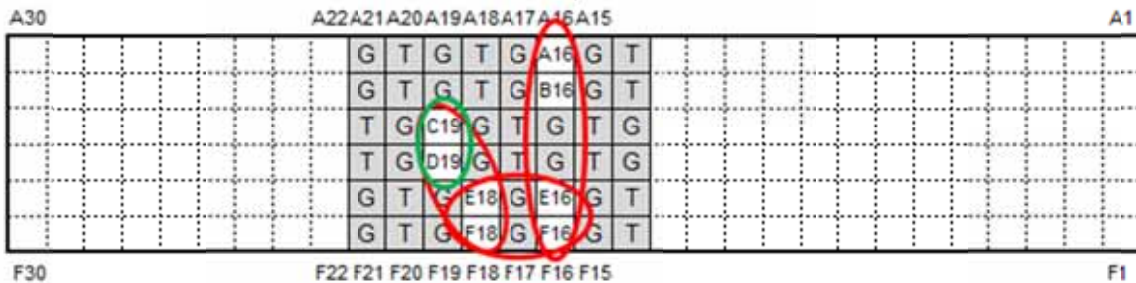
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

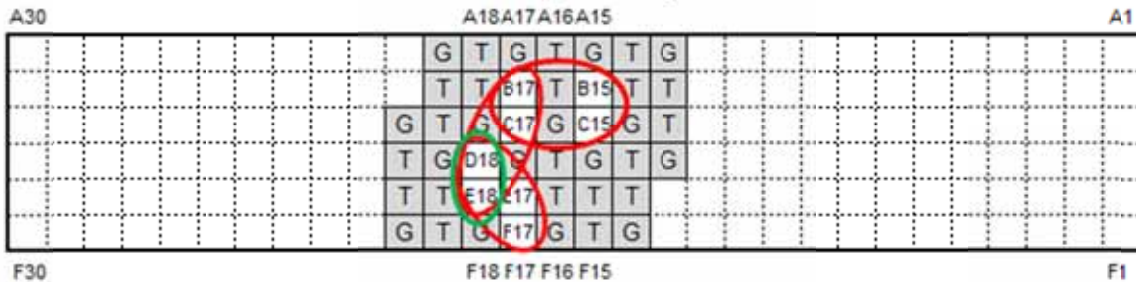
Differential Optimal Horizontal



Differential Optimal Vertical



Differential High Density Vertical



Differential Impedance (denoted by green circles):

- Optimal Horizontal
- Optimal Vertical
- High Density Vertical

Differential Crosstalk (denoted by red circles):

- Optimal Horizontal
- Optimal Vertical
- High Density Vertical

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Only one single-ended signal or differential pair was driven for crosstalk measurements.

Other configurations can be evaluated upon request. Please contact sig@samtec.com for more information.

In a real system environment, active signals might be located at the outer edges of the signal contacts of concern, as opposed to the ground signals utilized in laboratory testing. For example, in a single-ended system, a pin-out of “SSSS”, or four adjacent single ended signals might be encountered as opposed to the “GSG” and “GSSG” configurations tested in the laboratory. Electrical characteristics in such applications could vary slightly from laboratory results. But in most applications, performance can safely be considered equivalent.

Signal Edge Speed (Rise Time):

In pulse signaling applications, the perceived performance of the interconnect can vary significantly depending on the edge rate or rise time of the exciting signal. For this report, the fastest rise time used was 30 ps. Generally, this should demonstrate worst-case performance.

In many systems, the signal edge rate will be significantly slower at the connector than at the driver launch point. To estimate interconnect performance at other edge rates, data is provided for several rise times between 30ps and 500ps.

For this report, measured rise times were at 10%-90% signal levels.

Frequency Domain Data

Frequency Domain parameters are helpful in evaluating the connector system’s signal loss and crosstalk characteristics across a range of sinusoidal frequencies. In this report, parameters presented in the Frequency Domain are Insertion Loss, Return Loss, and Near-End and Far-End Crosstalk. Other parameters or formats, such as VSWR or S-Parameters, may be available upon request. Please contact our Signal Integrity Group at sig@samtec.com for more information.

Frequency performance characteristics for the SUT are generated directly from network analyzer measurements.

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Time Domain Data

Time Domain parameters indicate Impedance mismatch versus length, signal propagation time, and crosstalk in a pulsed signal environment.

Impedance mismatch versus length is measured by DSA8200 Digital Serial Analyzer. Board related effects, such as pad-to-ground capacitance and trace loss, are included in the data presented in this report. The impedance data is provided in [Appendix E](#) of this report.

The measured S-Parameters from the network analyzer are post-processed using Agilent Advanced Design System to obtain the time domain response for signal propagation time and crosstalk. The Time Domain procedure is provided in [Appendix E](#) of this report. Parameters or formats not included in this report may be available upon request. Please contact our Signal Integrity Group at sig@samtec.com for more information.

In this report, propagation delay is defined as the signal propagation time through the connector and connector footprint. It includes 10 mils of PCB trace on each end of the connector. Delay is measured at 100 picoseconds signal rise-time. Delay is calculated as the difference in time measured between the 50% amplitude levels of the input and output pulses.

Crosstalk or coupled noise data is provided for various signal configurations. All measurements are single disturber. Crosstalk is calculated as a ratio of the input line voltage to the coupled line voltage. The input line is sometimes described as the active or drive line. The coupled line is sometimes described as the quiet or victim line. Crosstalk ratio is tabulated in this report as a percentage. Measurements are made at both the near-end and far-end of the SUT.

Data for other configurations may be available. Please contact our Signal Integrity Group at sig@samtec.com for further information.

As a rule of thumb, 10% crosstalk levels are often used as a general first pass limit for determining acceptable interconnect performance. However, modern system crosstalk tolerance can vary greatly. For advice on connector suitability for specific applications, please contact our Signal Integrity Group at sig@samtec.com.

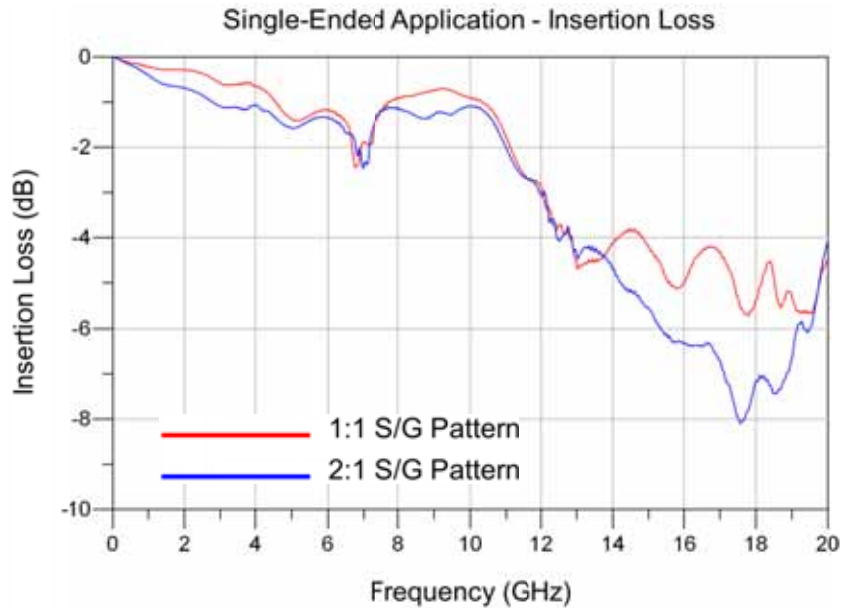
Additional information concerning test conditions and procedures is located in the appendices of this report. Further information may be obtained by contacting our Signal Integrity Group at sig@samtec.com.

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

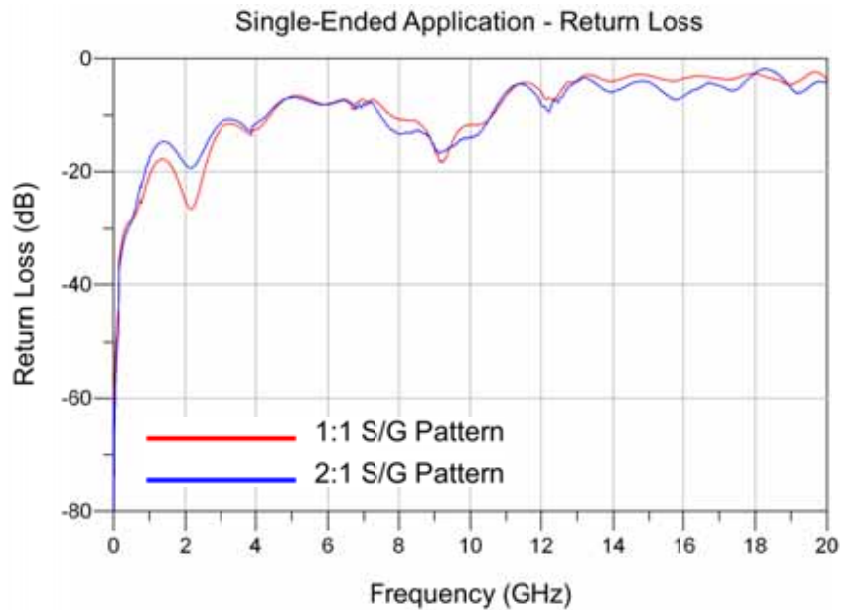
Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Appendix A – Frequency Domain Response Graphs

Single-Ended Application – Insertion Loss



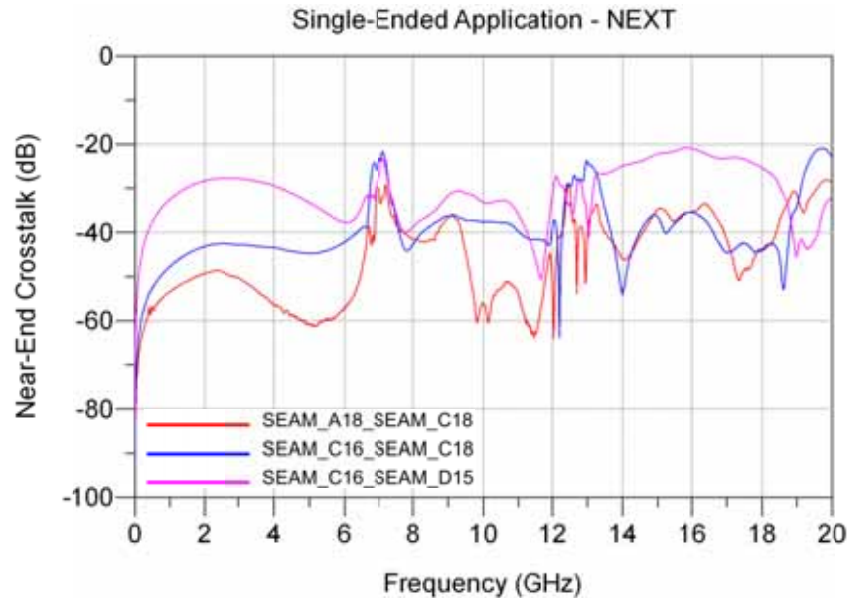
Single-Ended Application – Return Loss



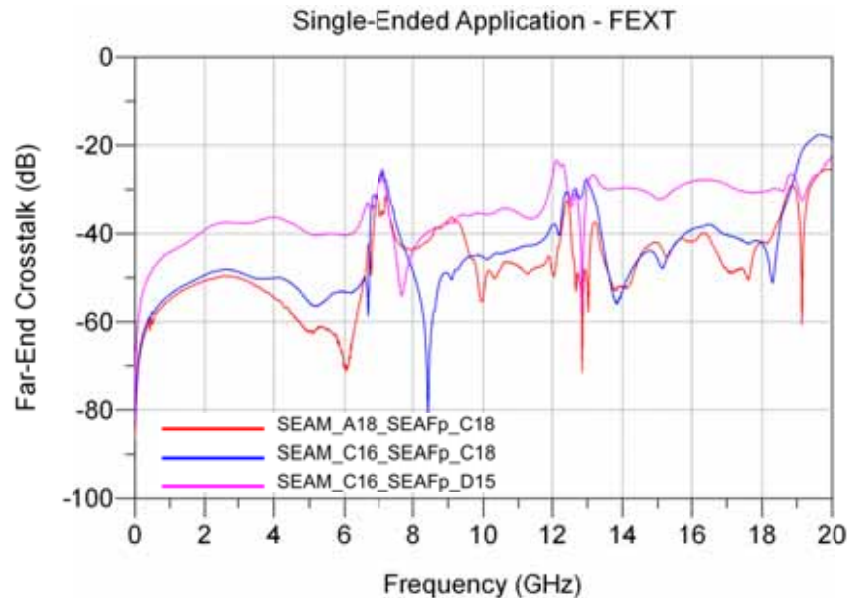
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT



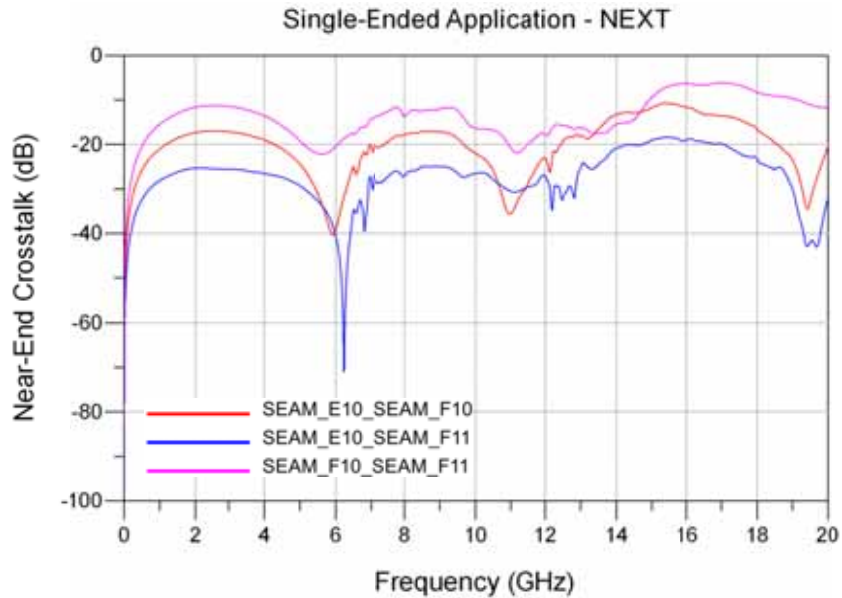
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT



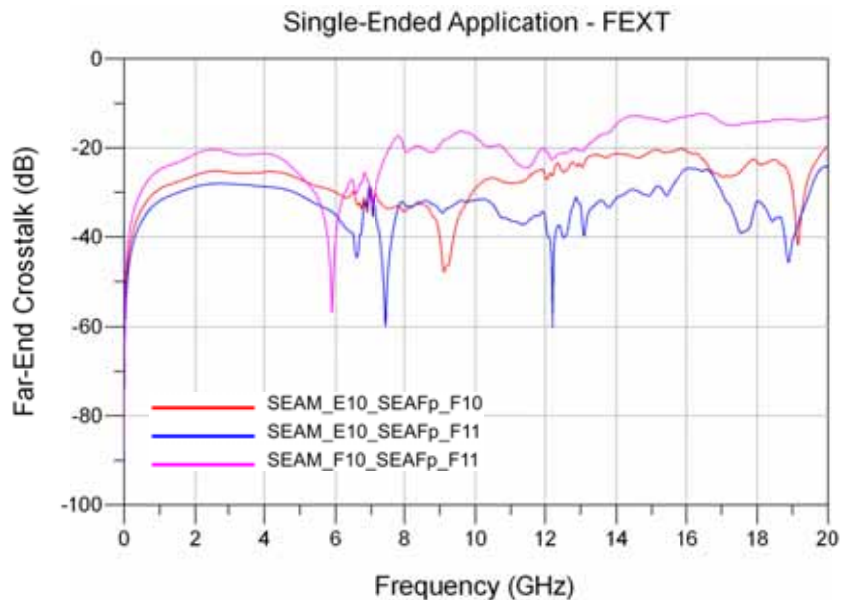
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT



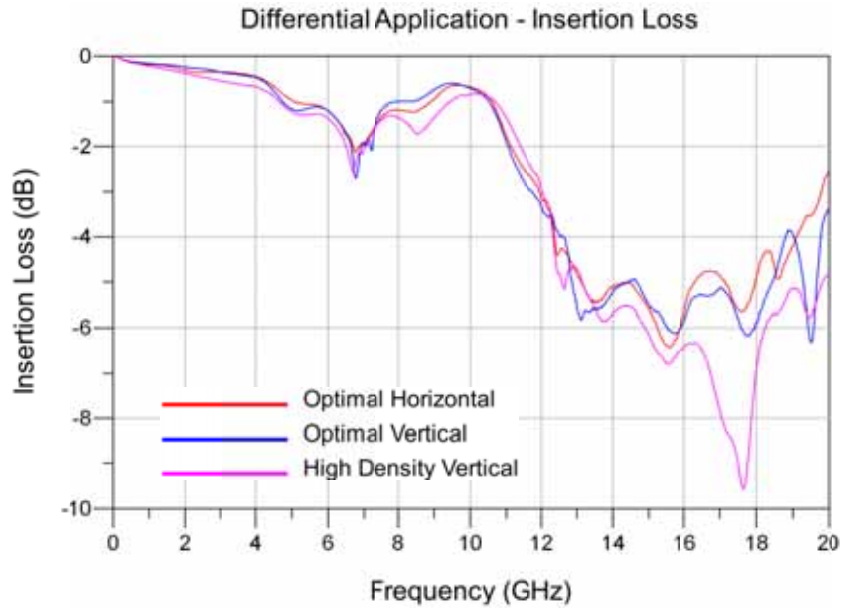
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT



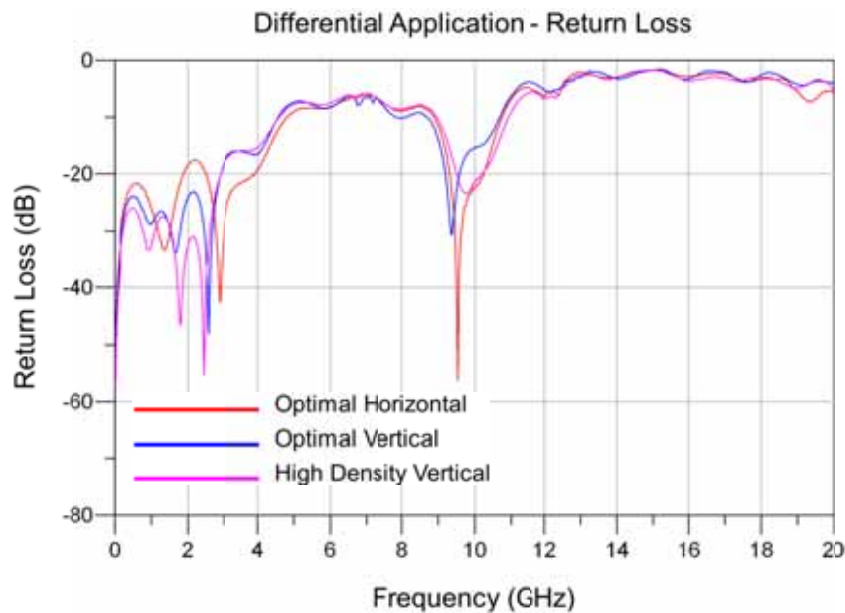
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential Application – Insertion Loss



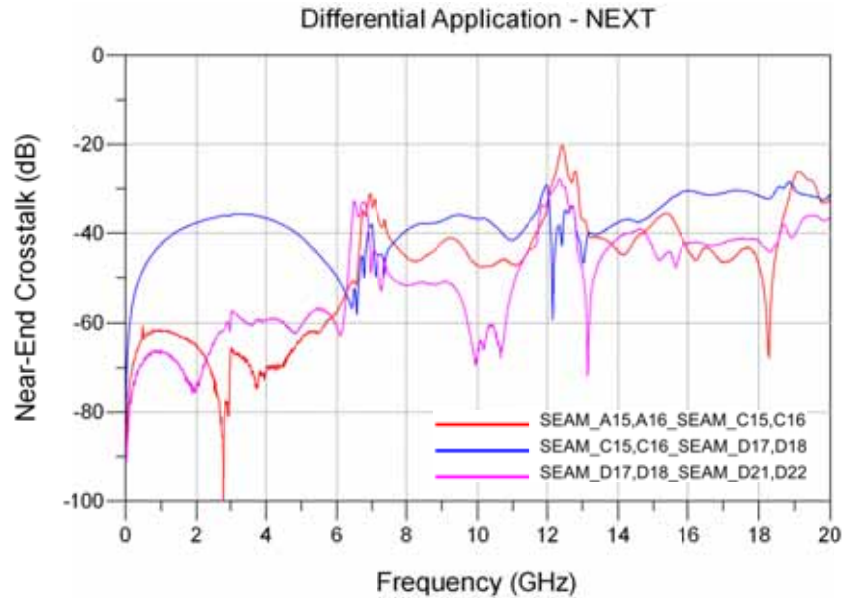
Differential Application – Return Loss



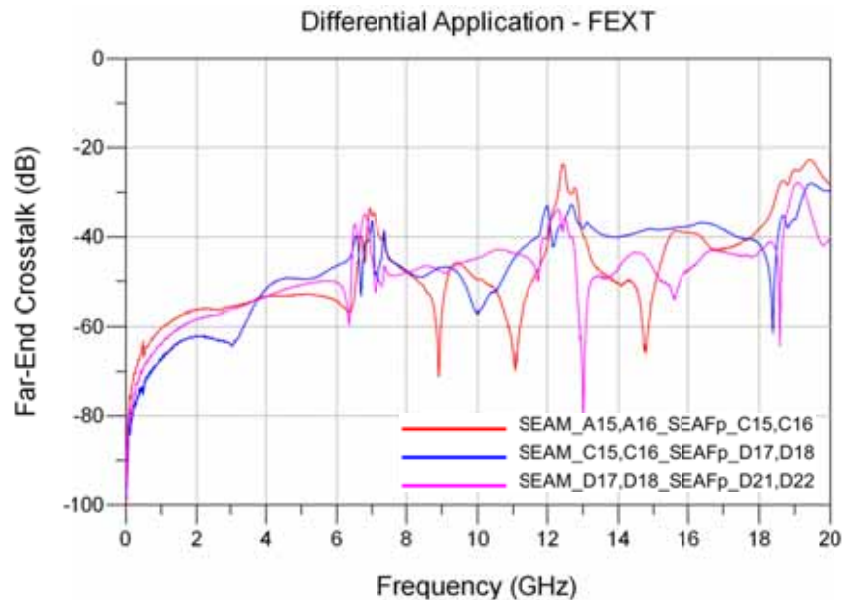
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT



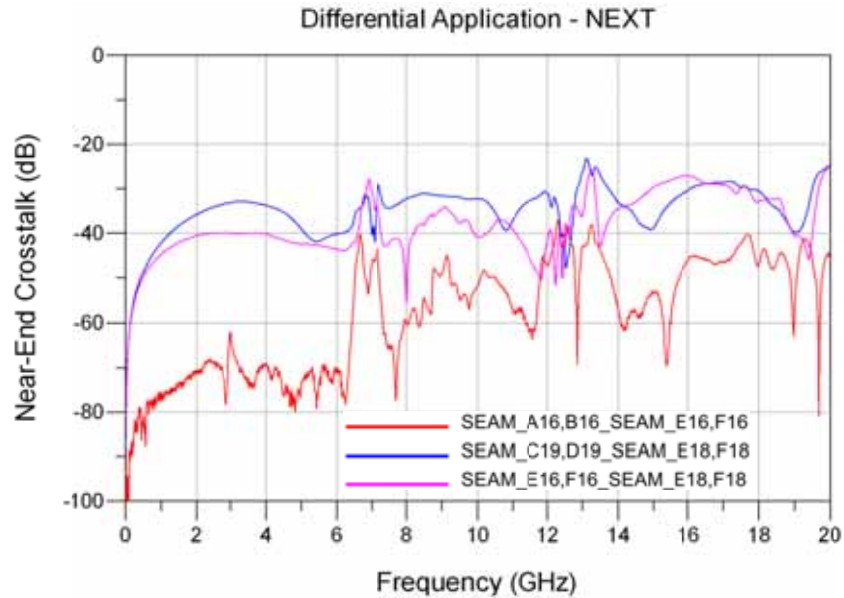
Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT



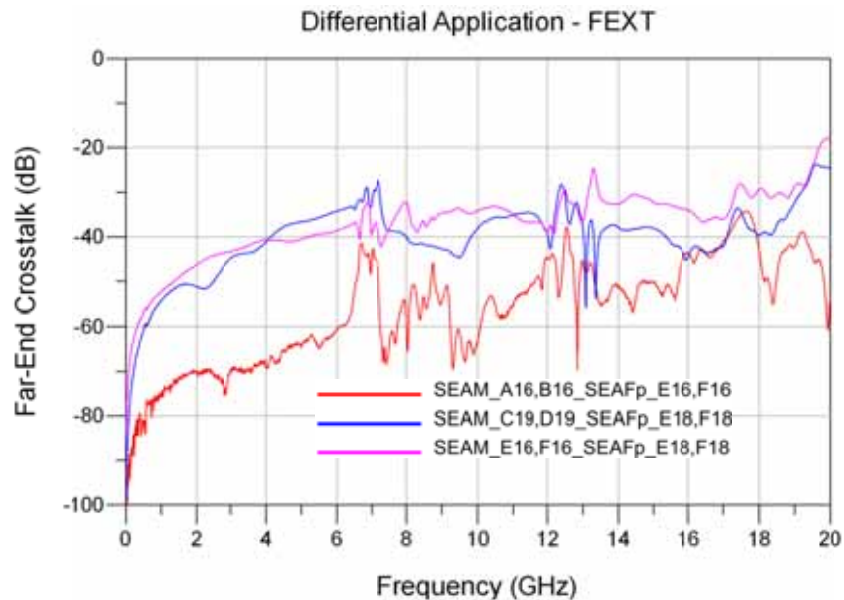
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT



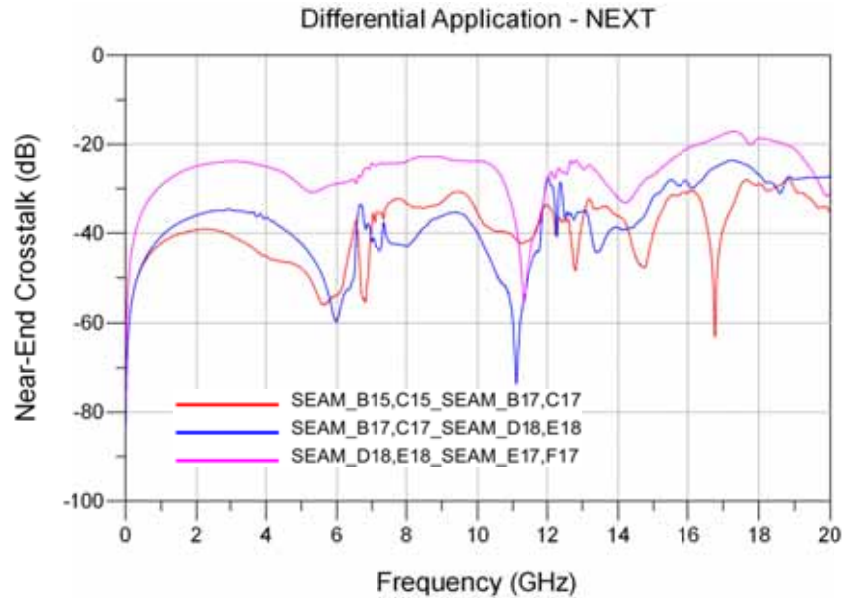
Differential Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT



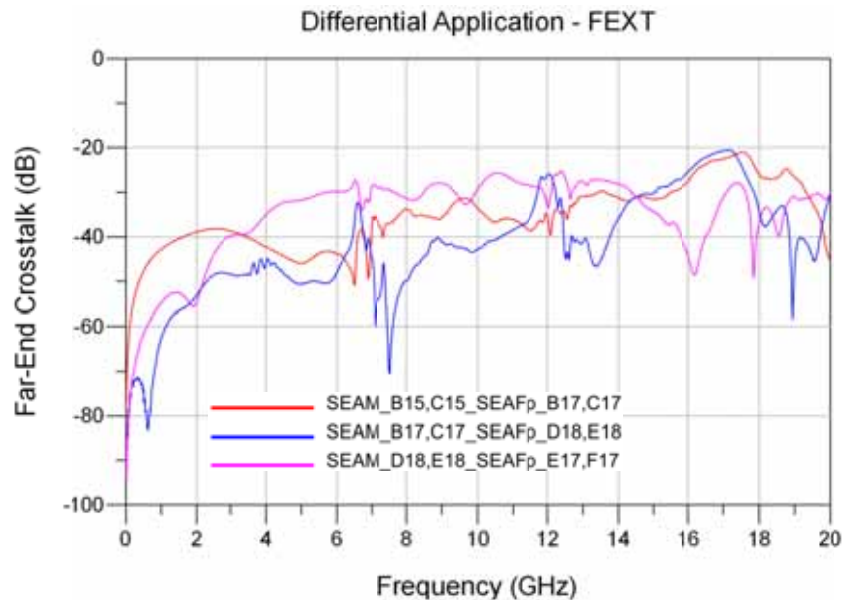
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential High Density Vertical Application – NEXT



Differential High Density Vertical Application – FEXT

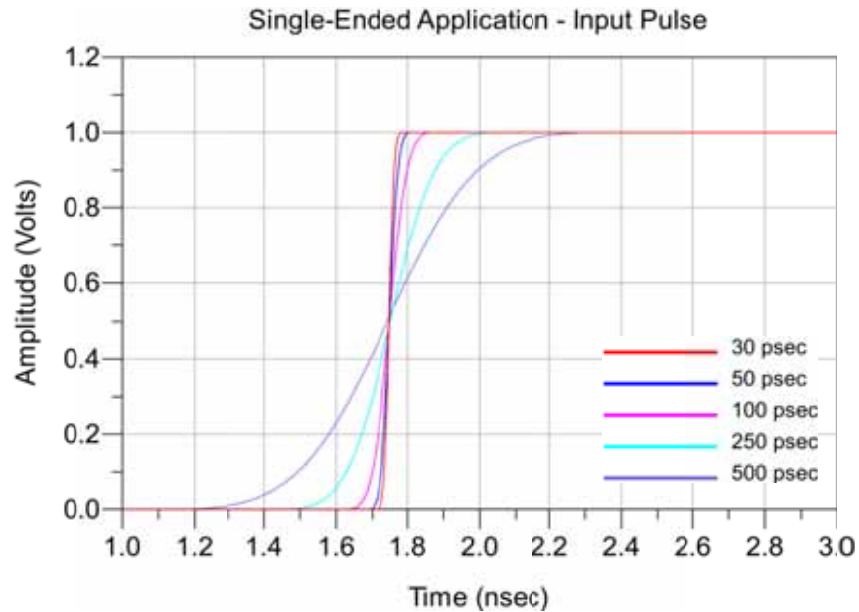


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

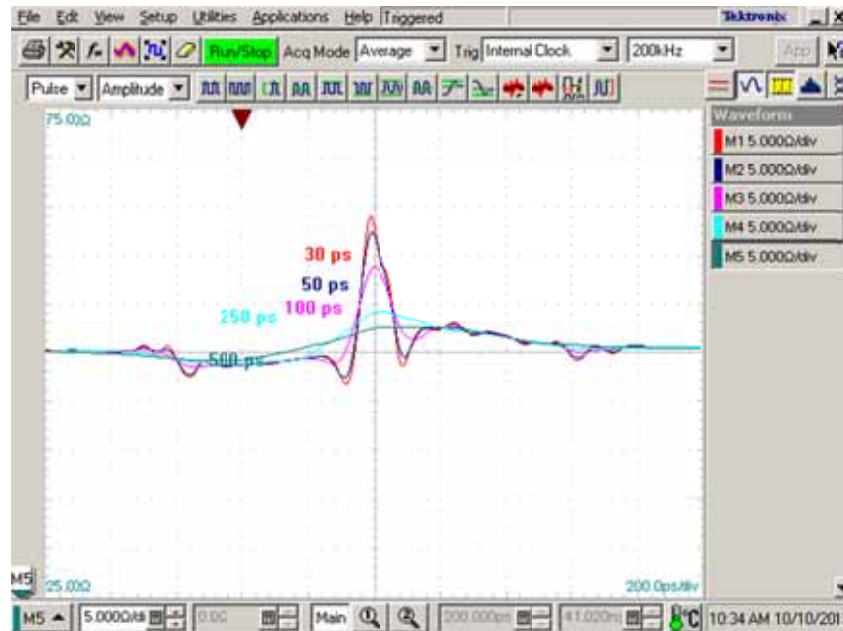
Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Appendix B – Time Domain Response Graphs

Single-Ended Application – Input Pulse



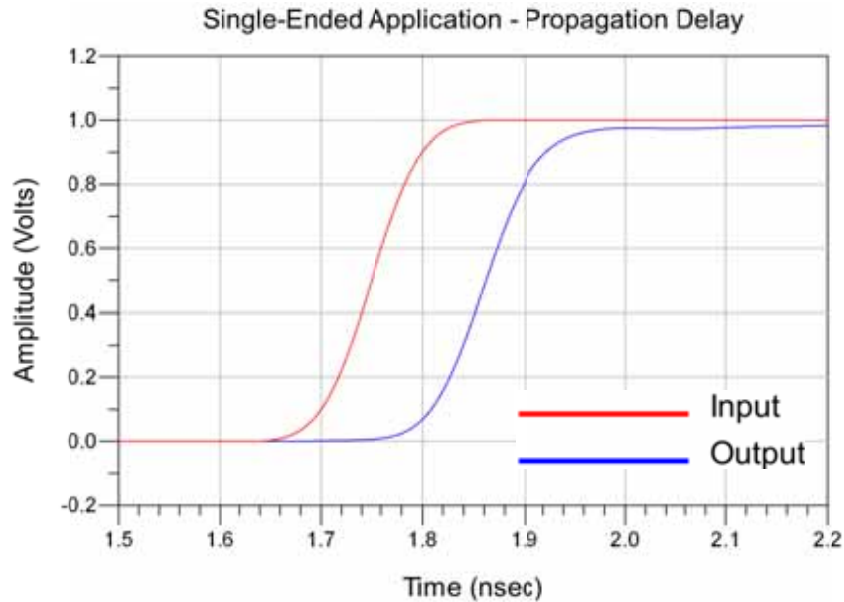
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – Impedance



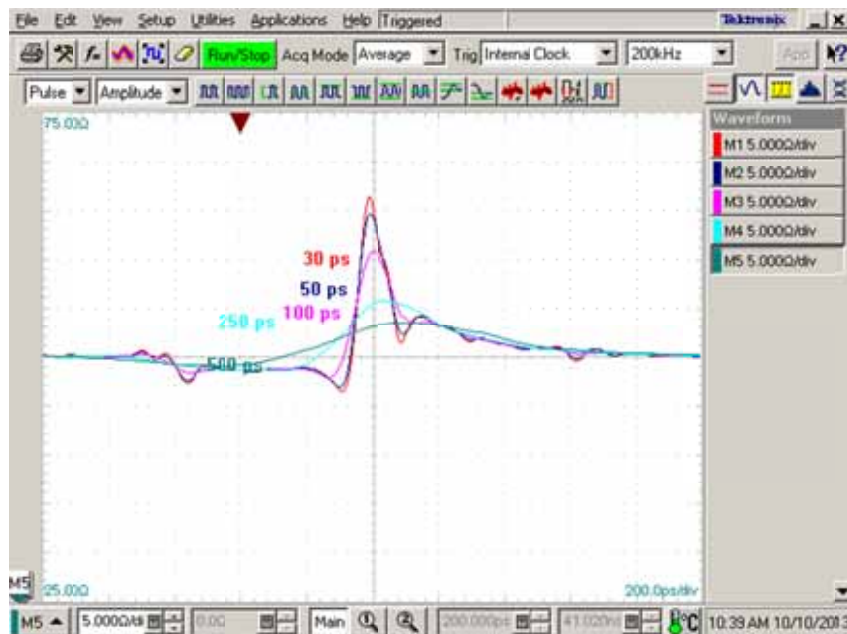
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – Propagation Delay



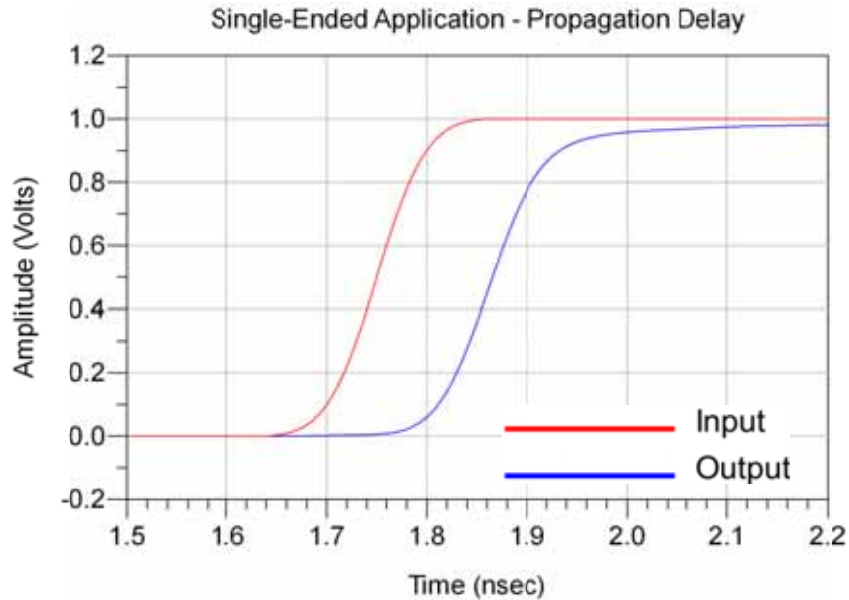
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – Impedance



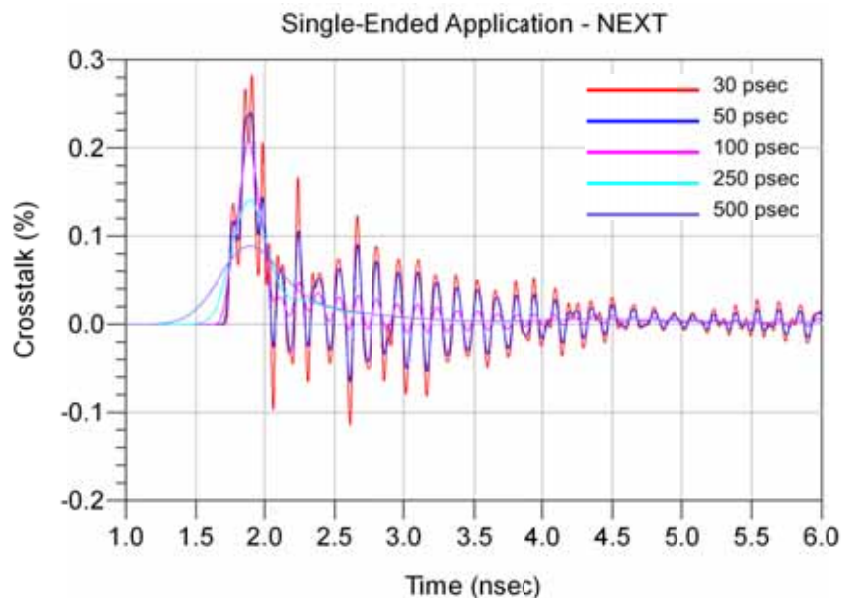
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – Propagation Delay



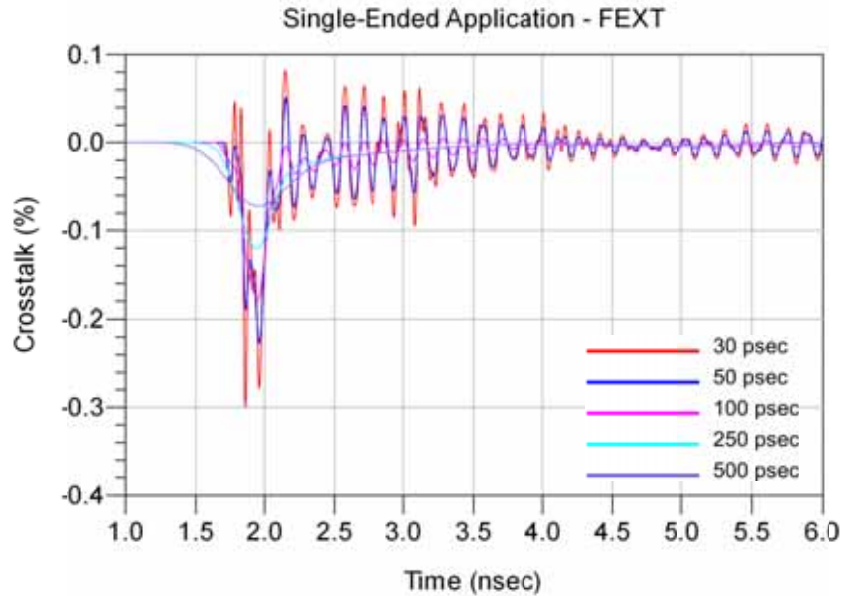
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM A18_SEAM C18



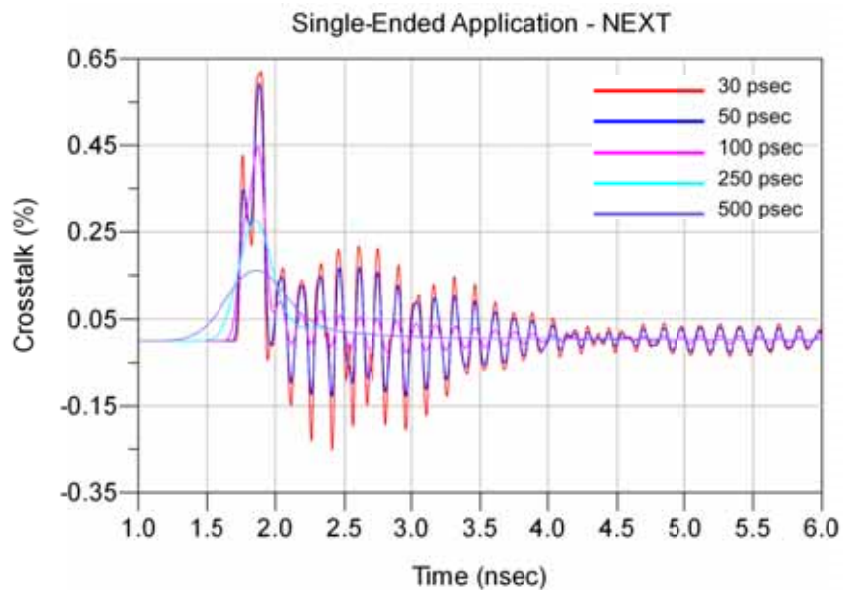
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM A18_SEAFP C18



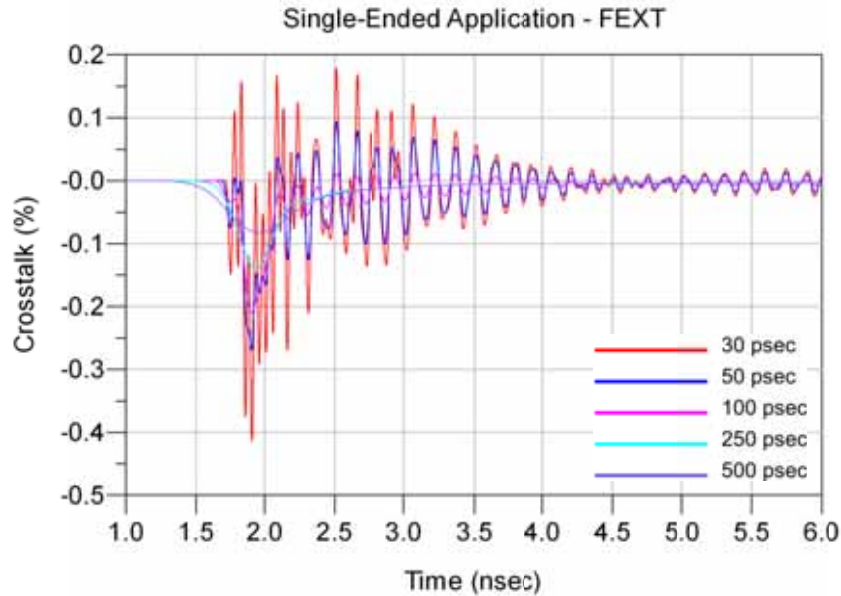
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM C16_SEAM C18



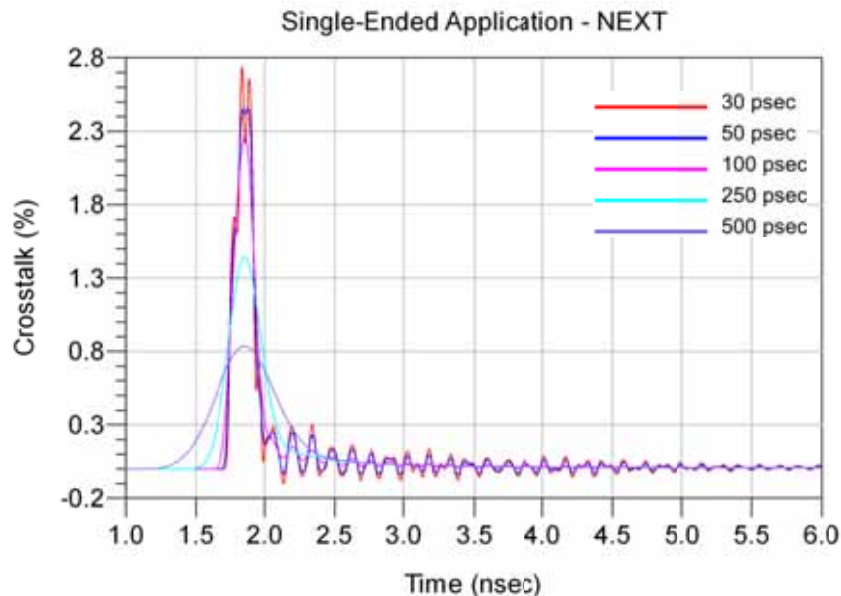
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM C16_SEAFP C18



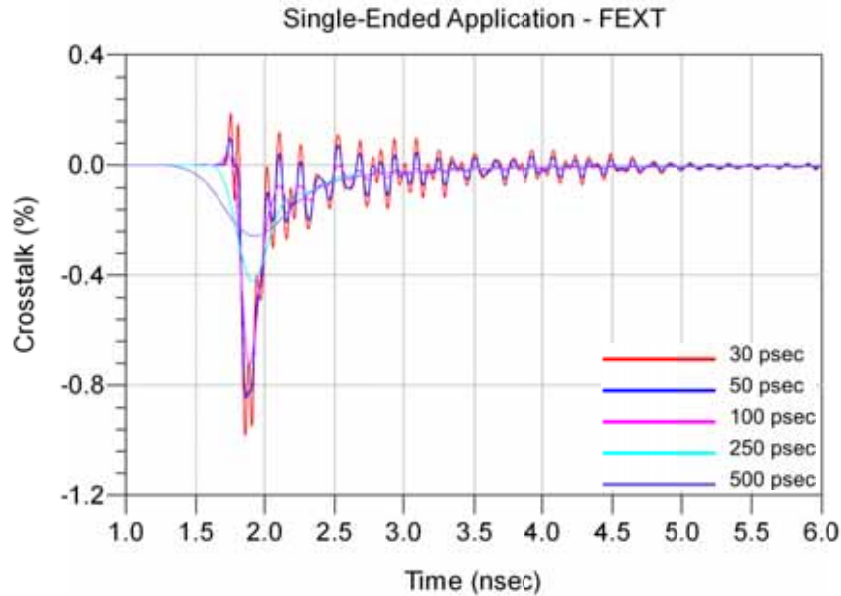
Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM C16_SEAM D15



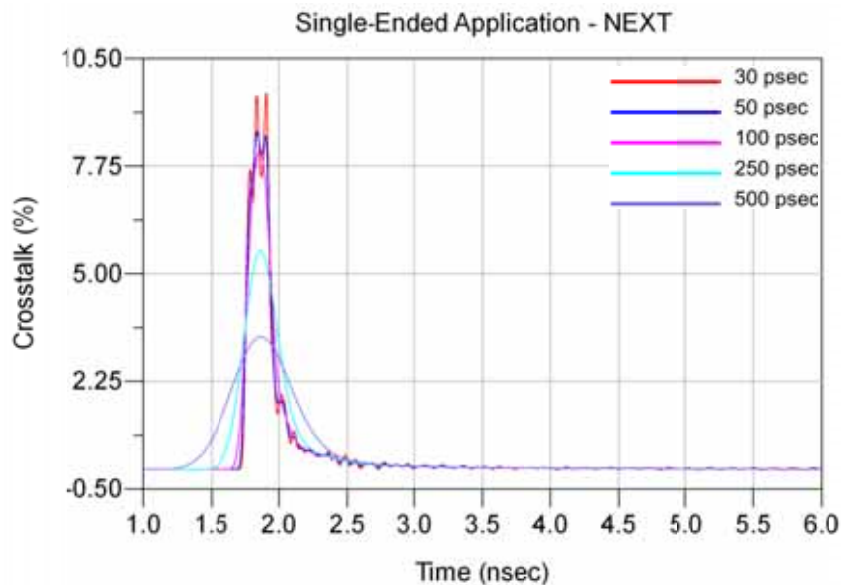
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 1:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM C16_SEAFP D15



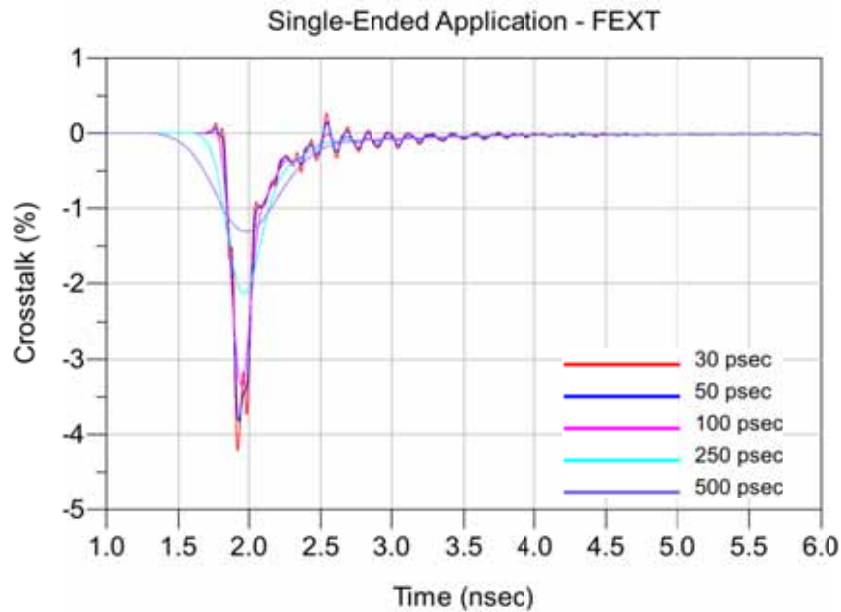
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM E10_SEAM F10



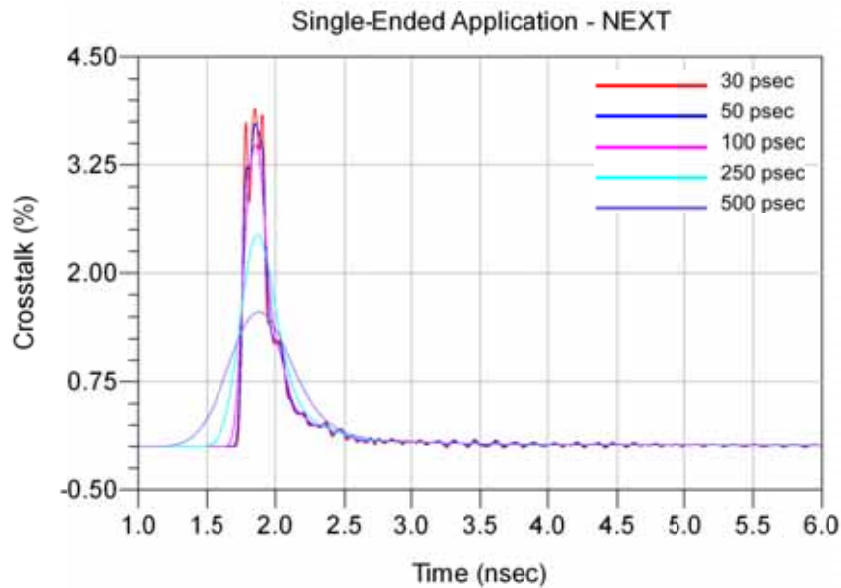
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM E10_SEAFP F10



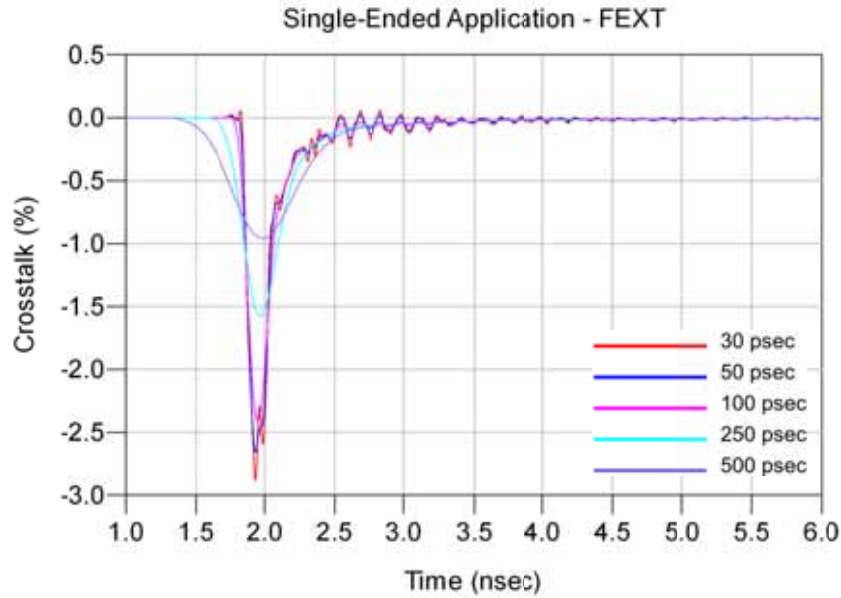
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM E10_SEAM F11



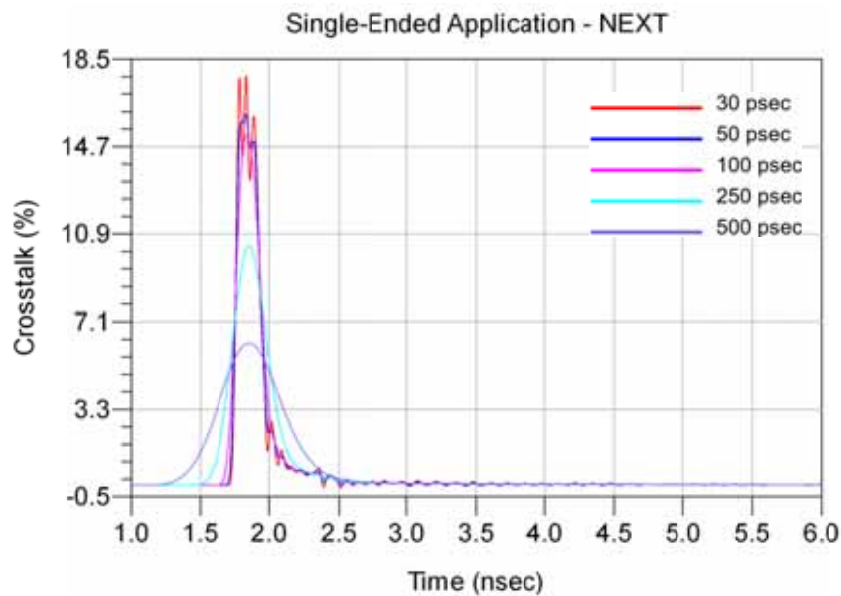
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM E10_SEAFP F11



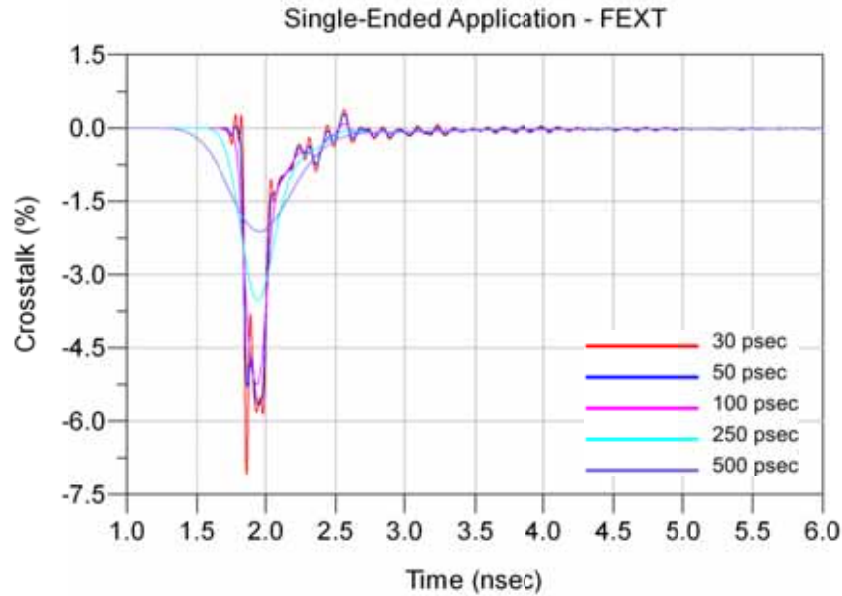
Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – NEXT, SEAM F10_SEAM F11



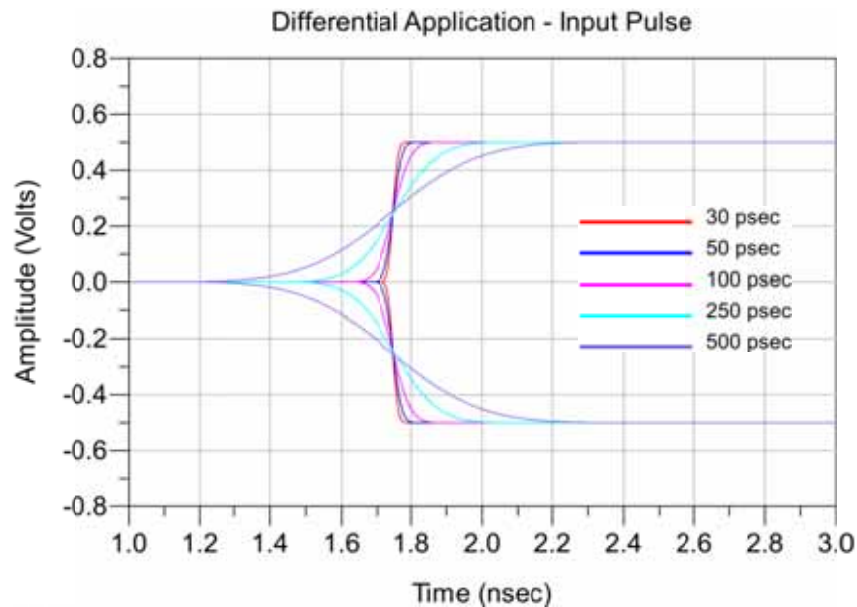
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Single-Ended 2:1 S/G Pattern Application – FEXT, SEAM F10_SEAFP F11



Differential Application – Input Pulse



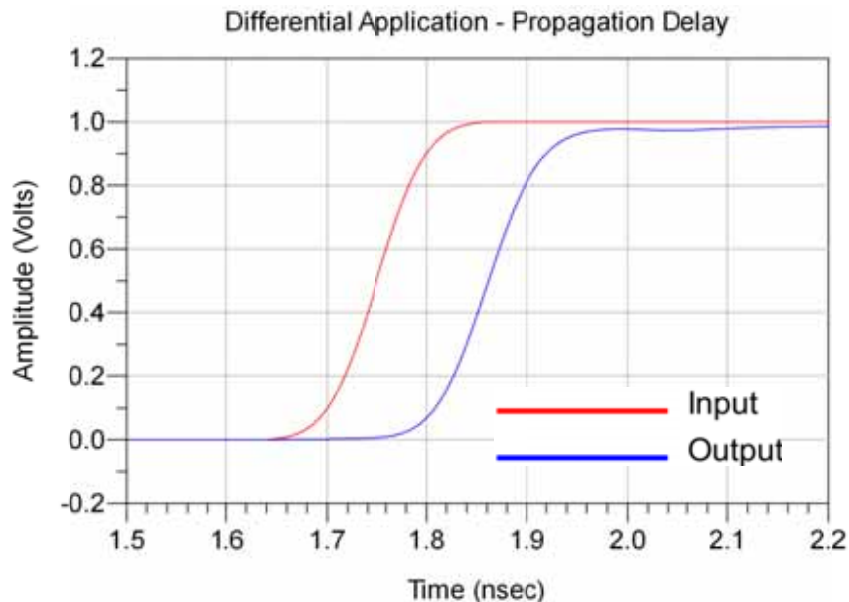
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – Impedance



Differential Optimal Horizontal Application – Propagation Delay



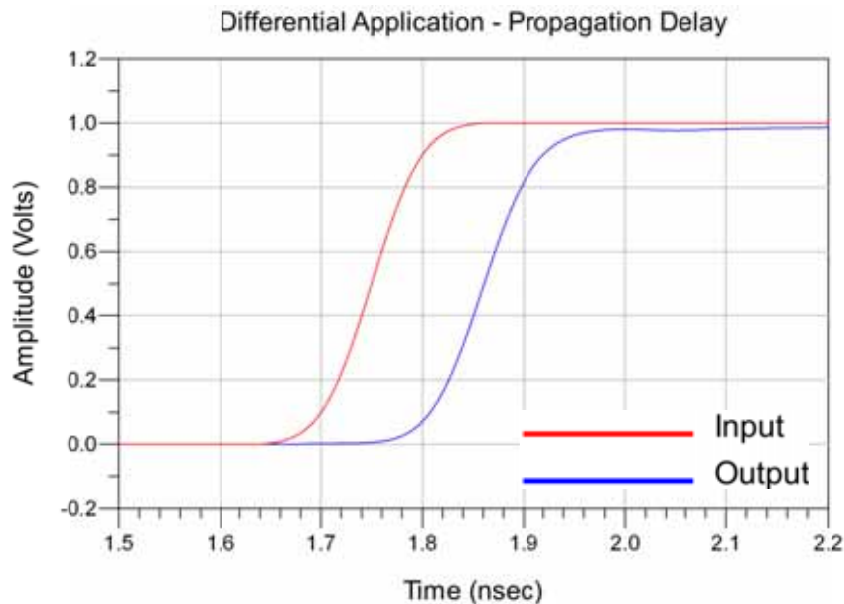
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential Optimal Vertical Application – Impedance



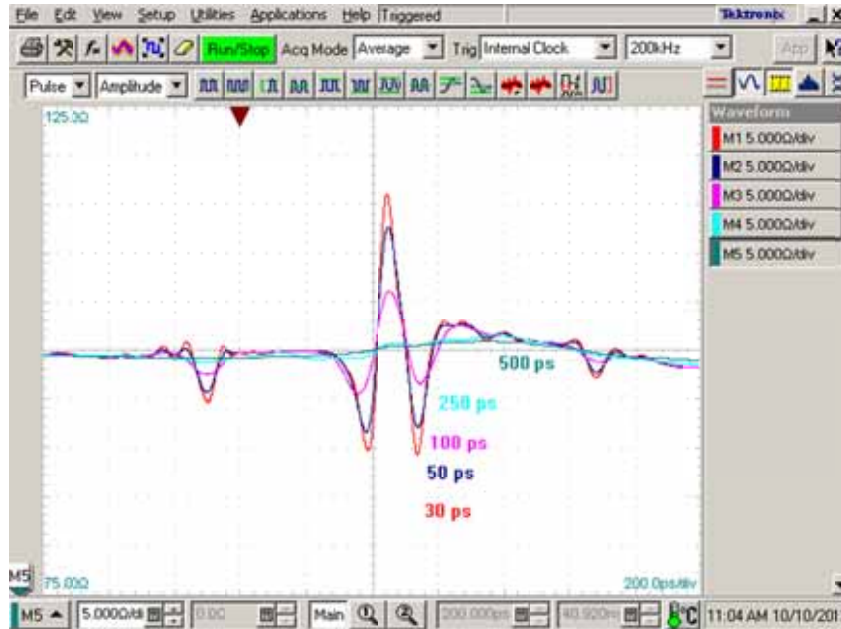
Differential Optimal Vertical Application – Propagation Delay



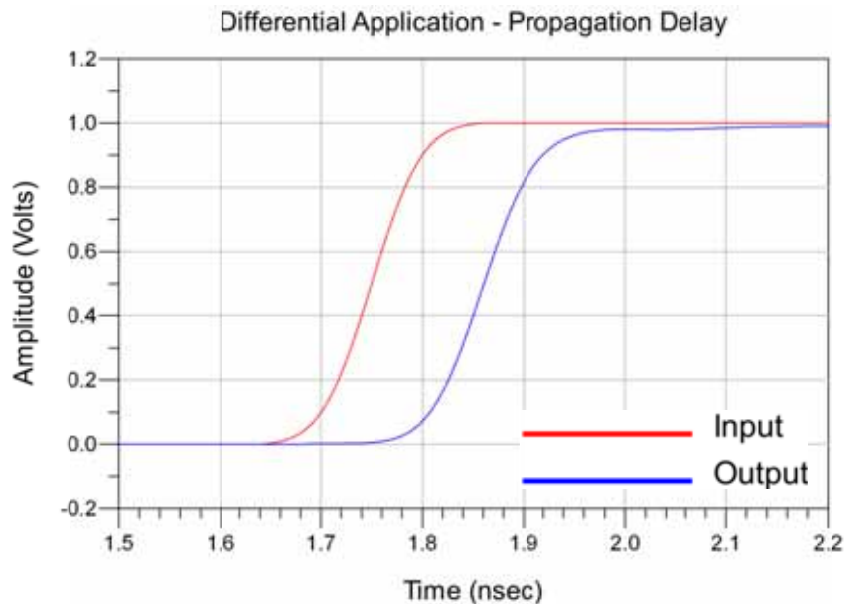
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Differential High Density Vertical Application – Impedance



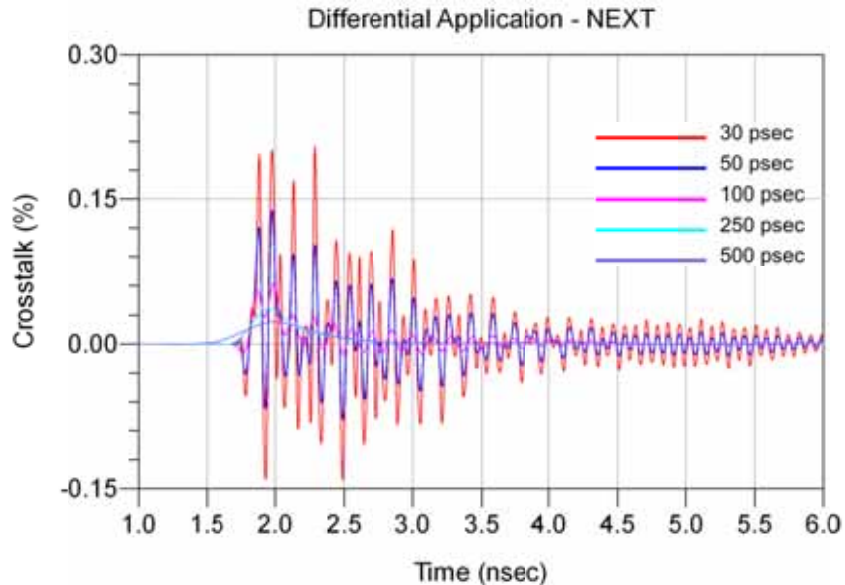
Differential High Density Vertical Application – Propagation Delay



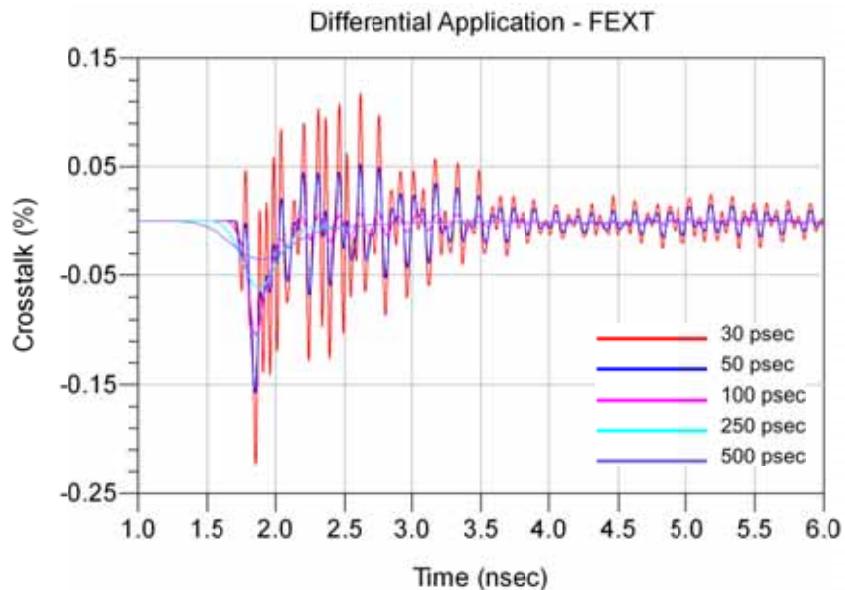
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT, SEAM A15,A16_SEAM C15,C16



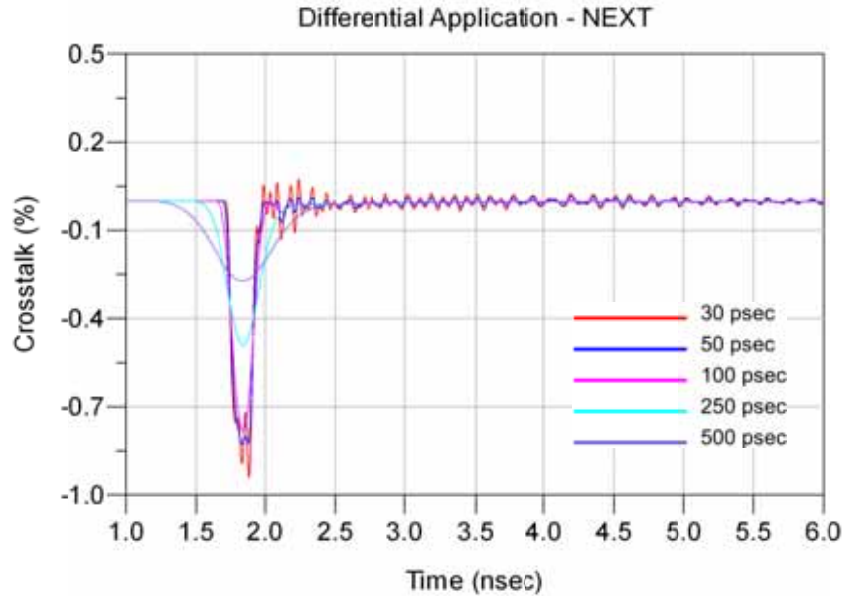
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT, SEAM A15,A16_SEAFP C15,C16



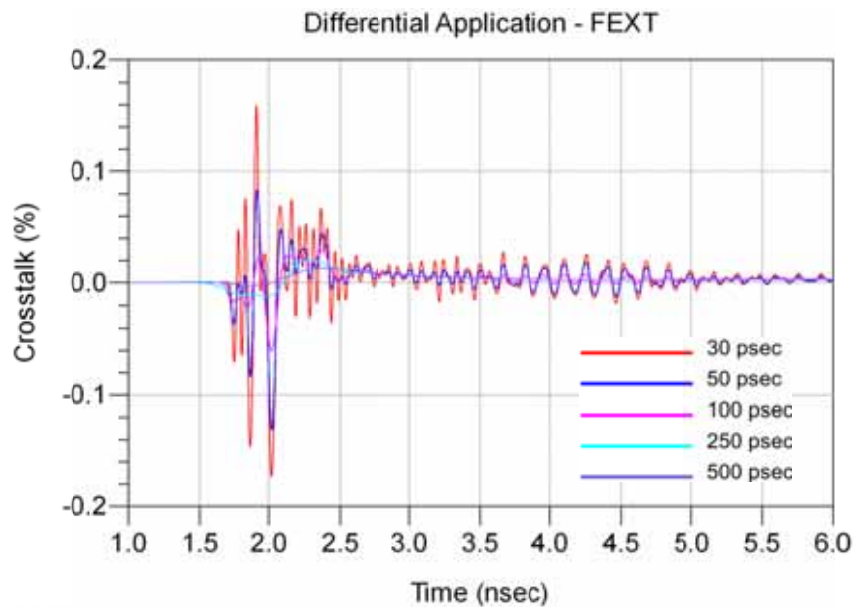
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT, SEAM C15,C16_SEAM D17,D18



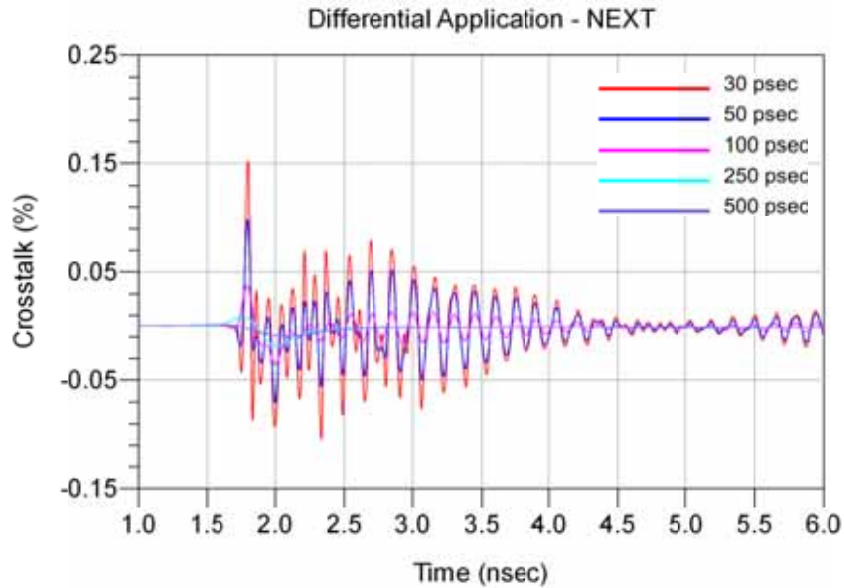
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT, SEAM C15,C16_SEAFP D17,D18



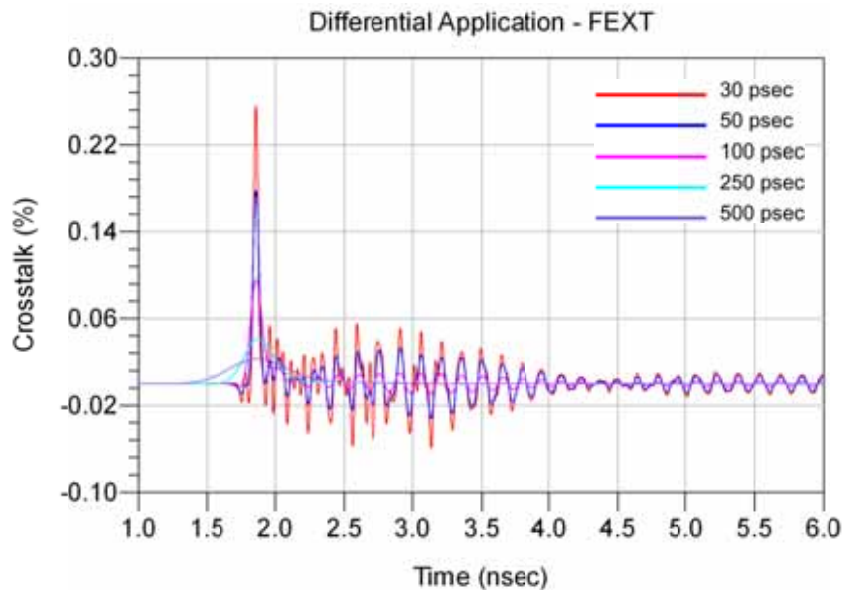
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – NEXT, SEAM D17,D18_SEAM D21,D22



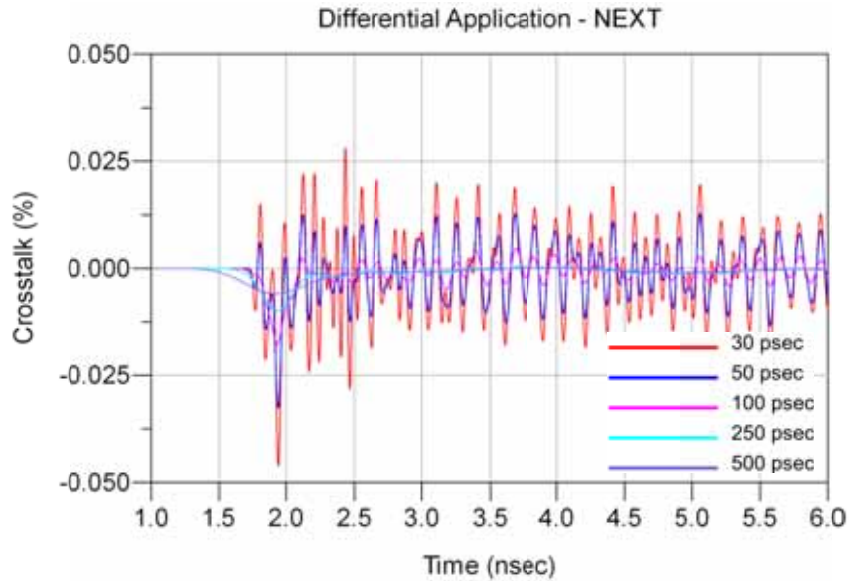
Diff Optimal Horizontal Application – FEXT, SEAM D17,D18_SEAFP D21,D22



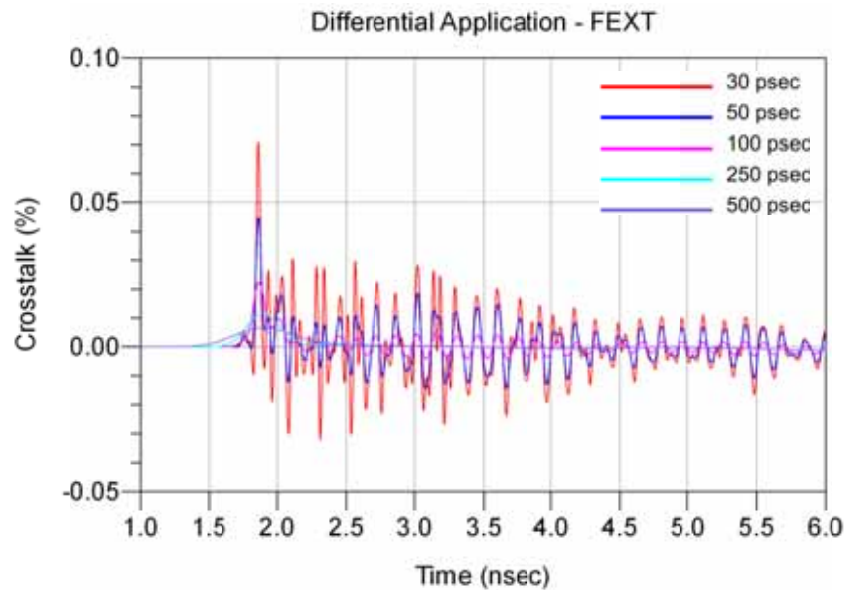
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM A16,B16_SEAM E16,F16



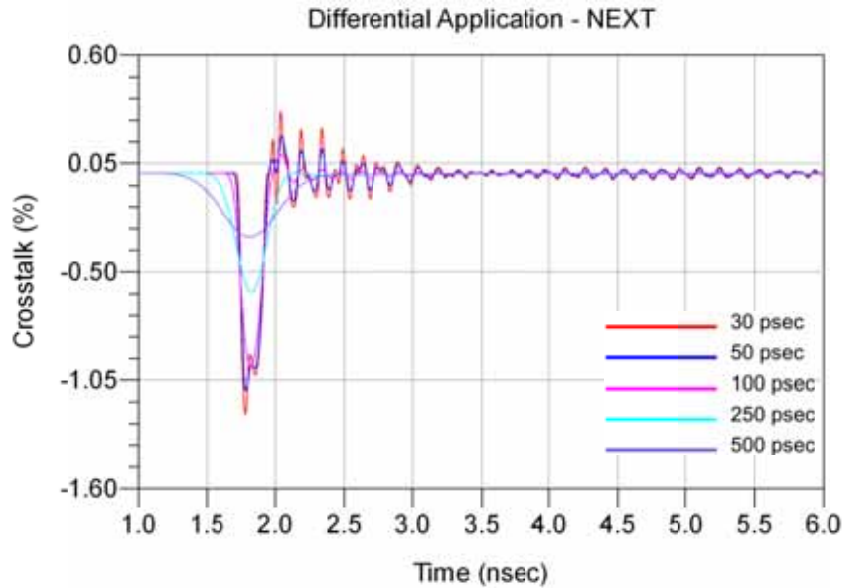
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM A16,B16_SEAFP E16,F16



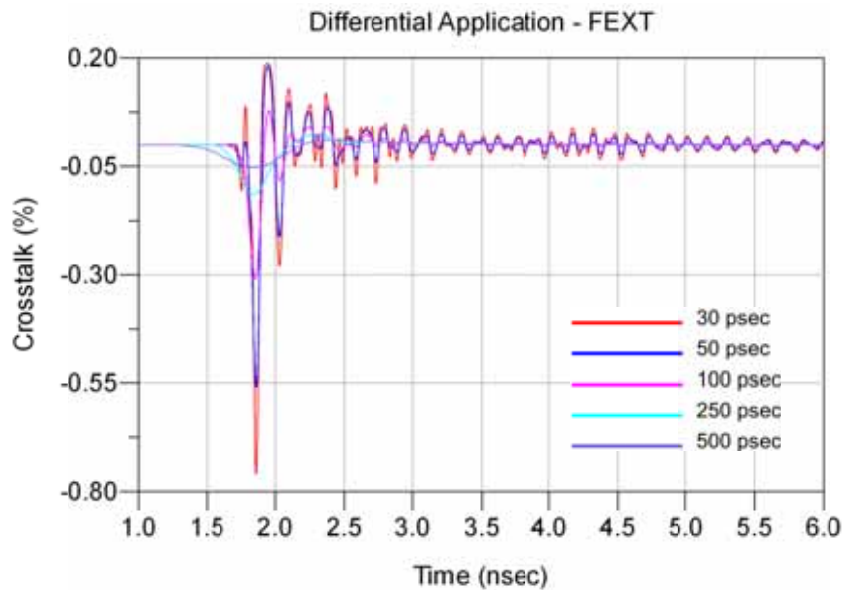
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM C19,D19_SEAM E18,F18



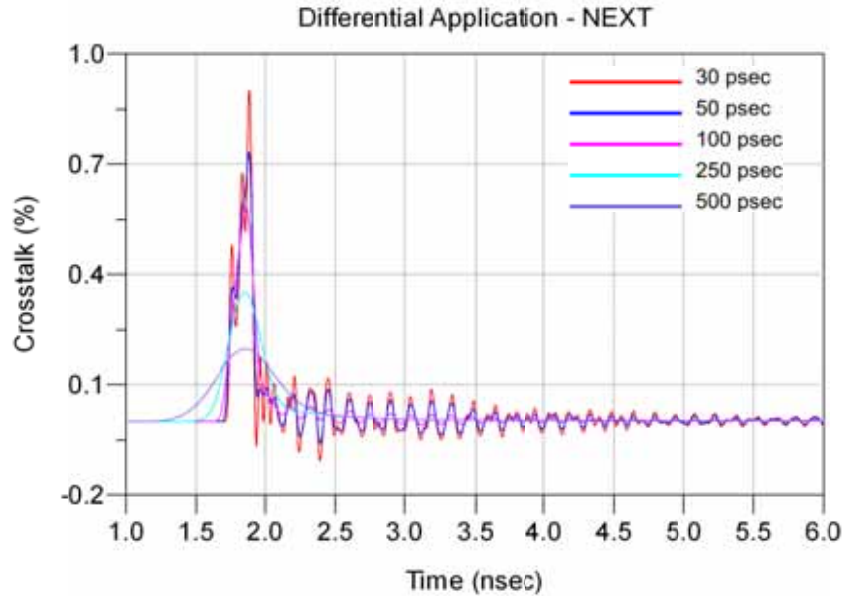
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM C19,D19_SEAFP E18,F18



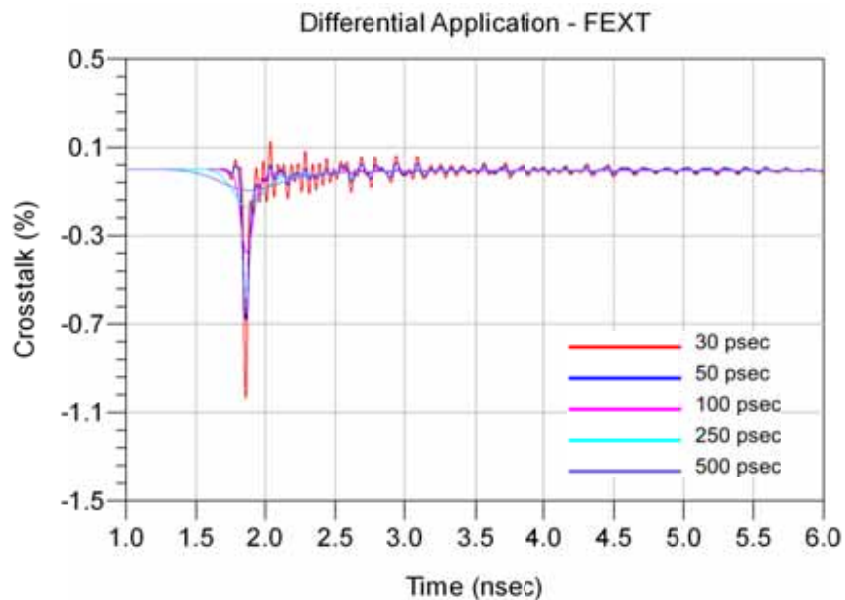
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff Optimal Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM E16,F16_SEAM E18,F18



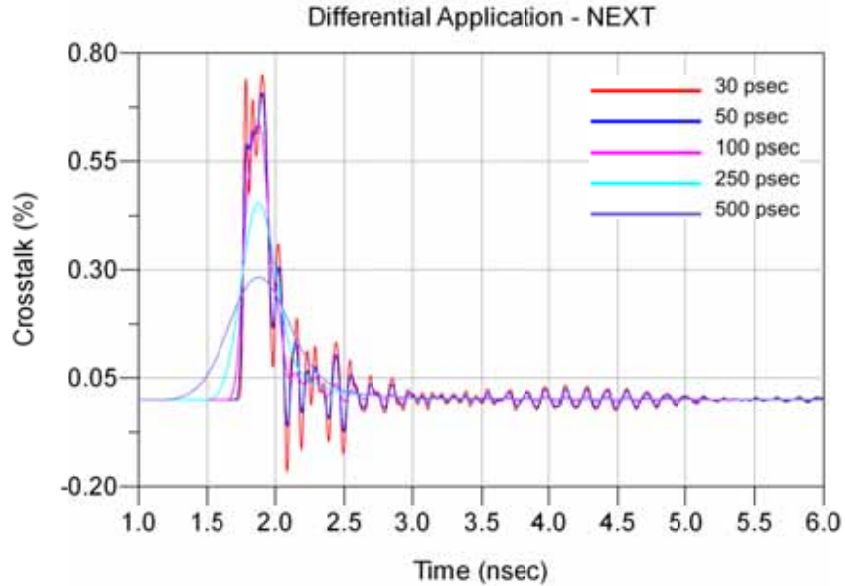
Diff Optimal Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM E16,F16_SEAFP E18,F18



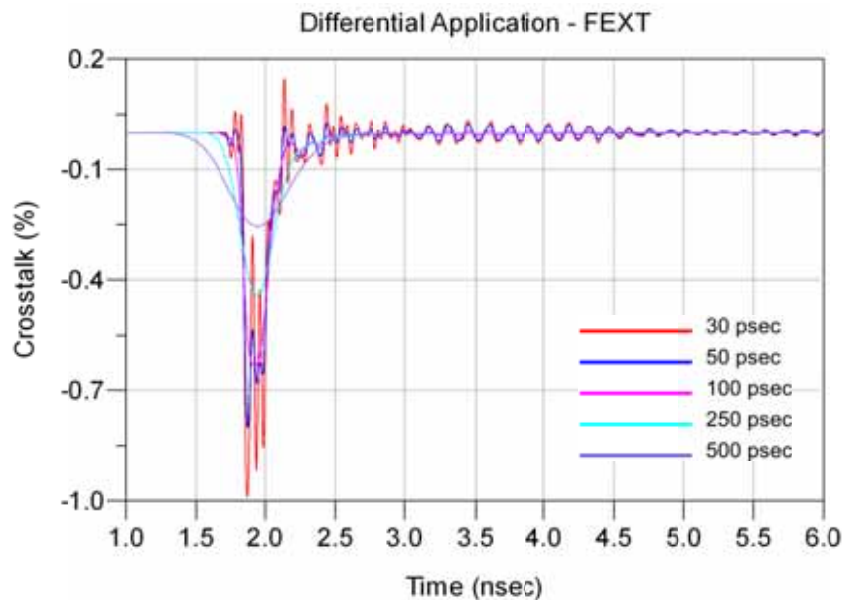
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff High Density Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM B15,C15_SEAM B17,C17



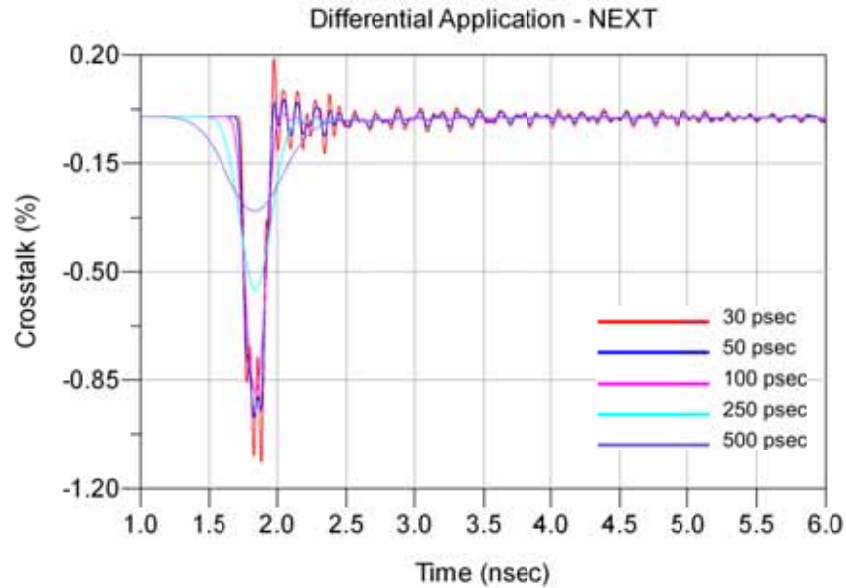
Diff High Density Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM B15,C15_SEAFP B17,C17



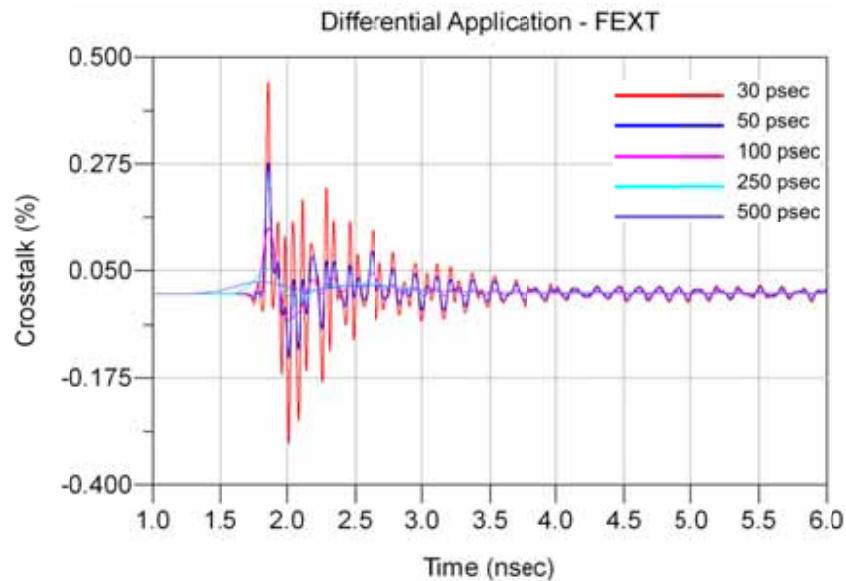
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff High Density Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM B17,C17_SEAM D18,E18



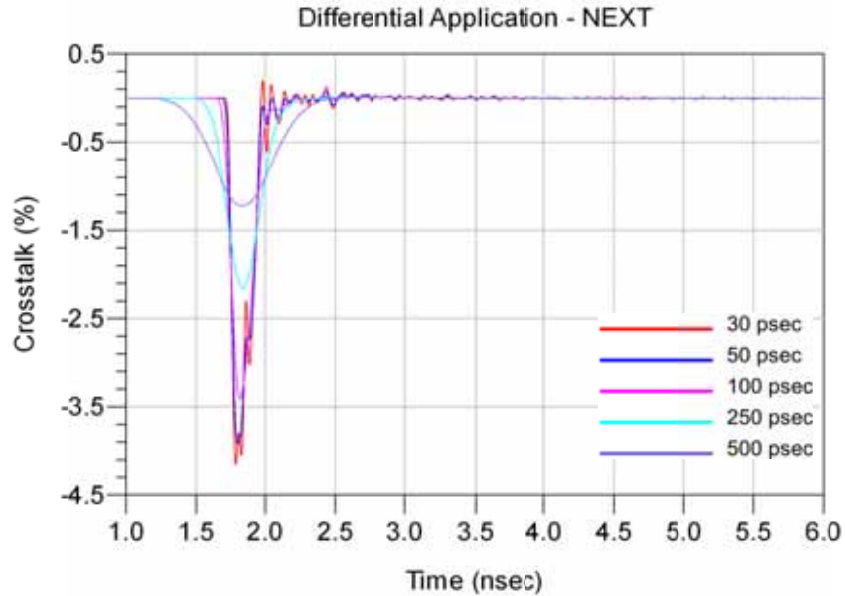
Diff High Density Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM B17,C17_SEAFP D18,E18



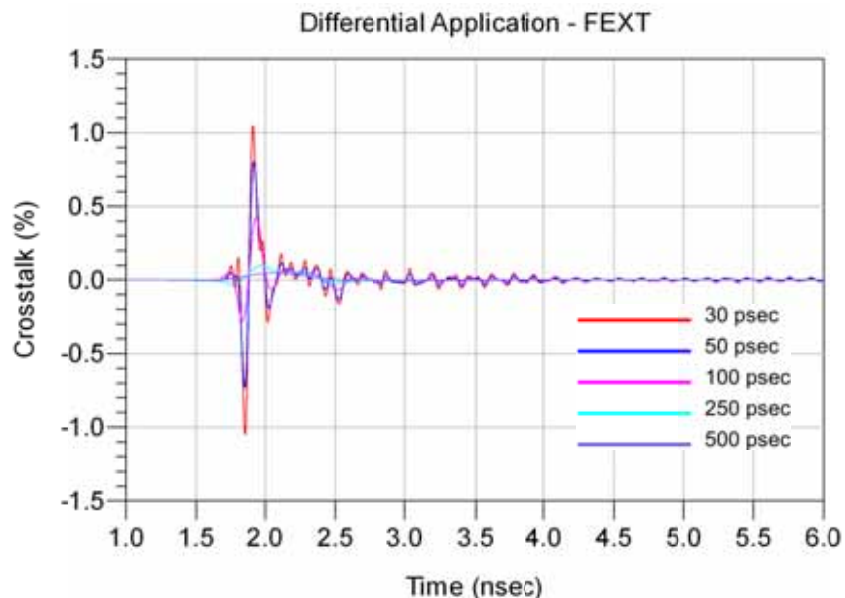
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Diff High Density Vertical Application – NEXT, SEAM D18,E18_SEAM E17,F17



Diff High Density Vertical Application – FEXT, SEAM D18,E18_SEAFP E17,F17



Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Appendix C – Product and Test System Descriptions

Product Description

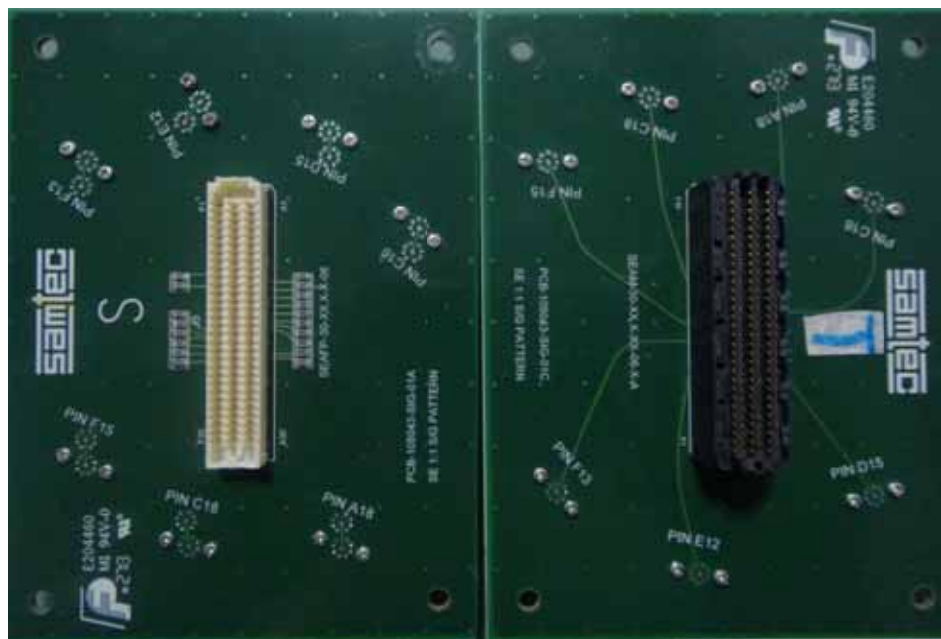
Product test samples are 16 mm (0.630") stack height SEAFP/SEAM Series connectors. The part numbers are SEAFP-30-05.0-L-06 and SEAM-30-11.0-L-06-2-A-K-TR. The SEAFP/SEAM Series is an open pin field connector designed for single-ended signals with various options for differential signaling configurations. The open pin field array is 6 row providing 30 signal pins per row. A photo of the test articles mounted to SI test boards is shown below.

Test System Description

The test fixtures are composed of four-layer FR4 material with 50Ω signal trace and pad configurations designed for the electrical characterization of Samtec high speed connector products. A PCB mount SMA connector is used to interface the VNA test cables to the test fixtures. Optimization of the SMA launch was performed using full wave simulation tools to minimize reflections. Ten test fixtures are specific to the SEAFP/SEAM Series connector set and identified by part numbers PCB-105043-TST-01-A and C to PCB-105043-TST-05 A and C. Calibration standards specific to the SEAFP/SEAM Series are located on the calibration board PCB-105043-TST-07. To keep trace lengths short, five different test board sets were required to access the necessary signal pins.

PCB-105043-TST-XX Test Fixtures

Shown below is a photograph of one of the five test board sets.



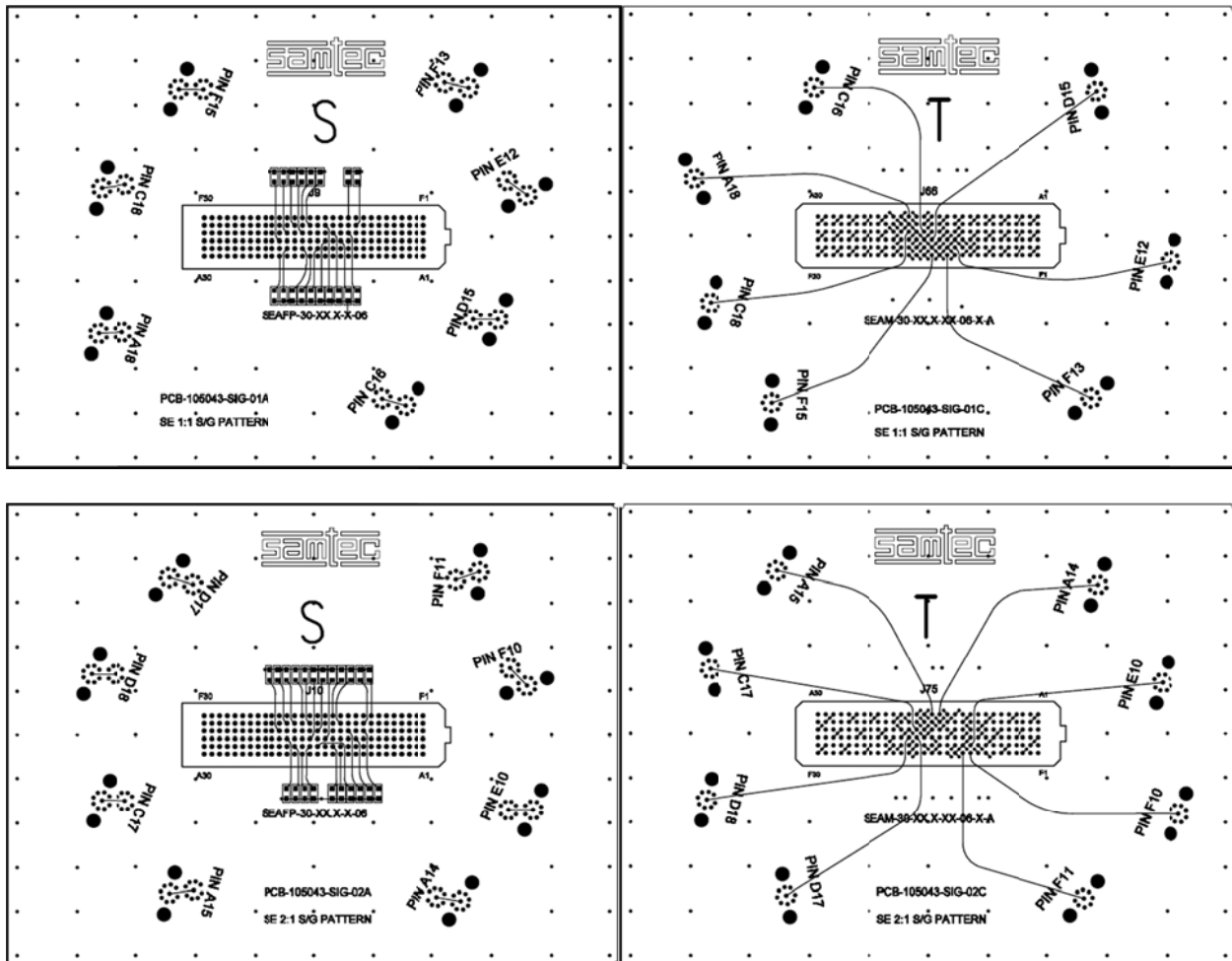
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

PCB Fixtures

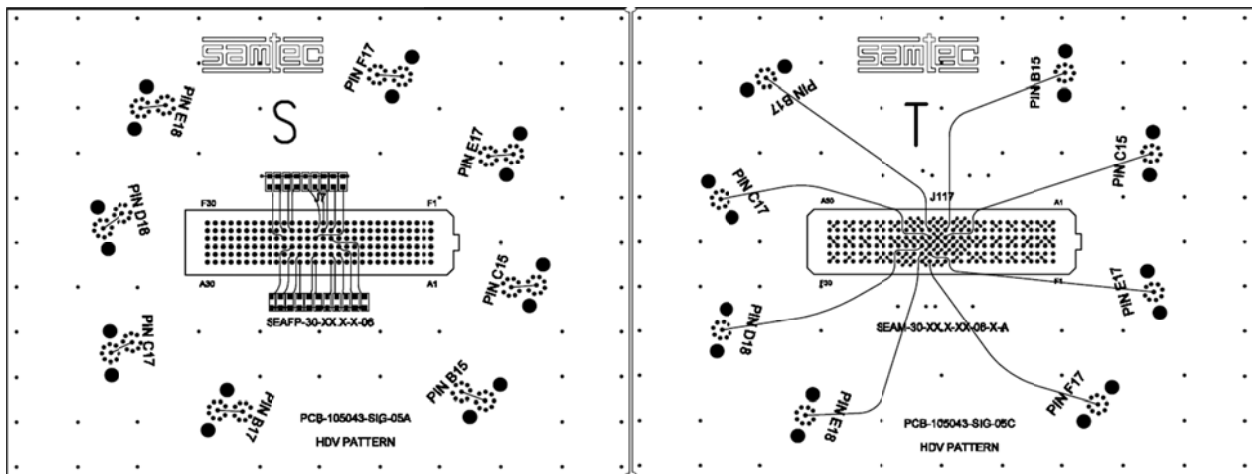
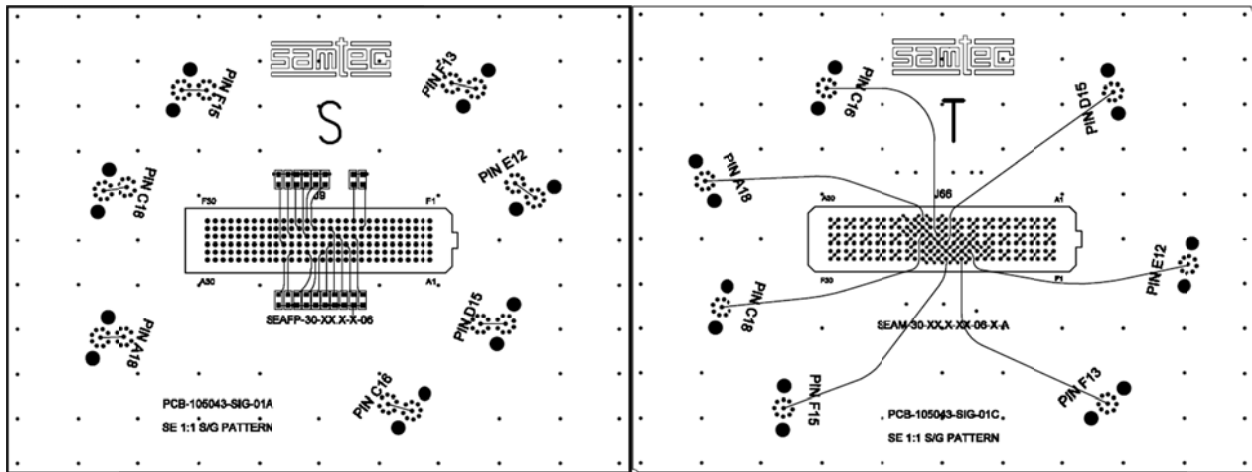
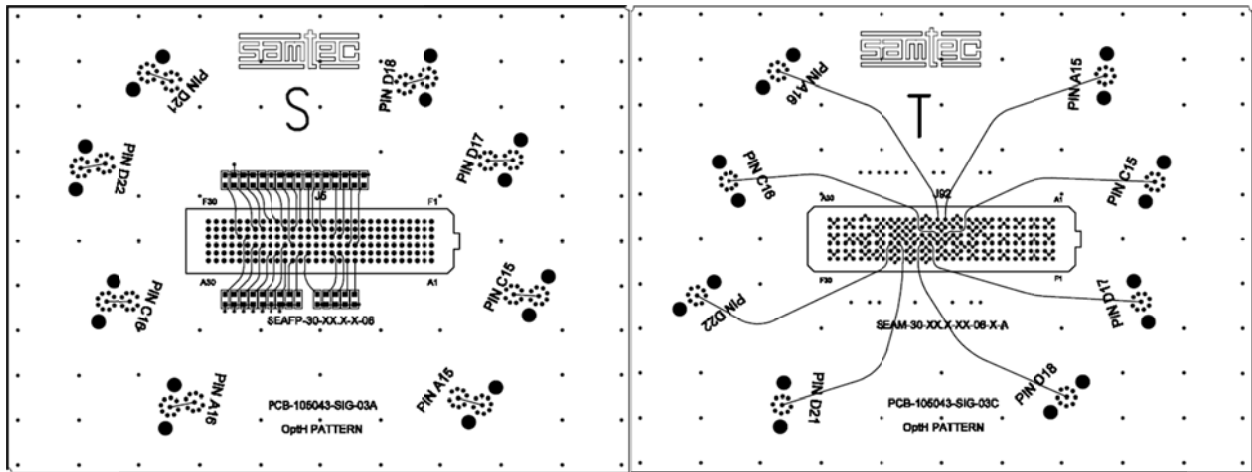
The test fixtures used are as follows:

- PCB-105043 -TST-01-A – SEAFP Series Test Board for SE 1:1 S/G Pattern.
- PCB-105043 -TST-01-C – SEAM Series Test Board for SE 1:1 S/G Pattern.
- PCB-105043 -TST-02-A – SEAFP Series Test Board for SE 2:1 S/G Pattern
- PCB-105043 -TST-02-C – SEAM Series Test Board for SE 2:1 S/G Pattern
- PCB-105043 -TST-03-A – SEAFP Series Test Board for Differential Optimal Horizontal
- PCB-105043 -TST-03-C – SEAM Series Test Board for Differential Optimal Horizontal
- PCB-105043 -TST-04-A – SEAFP Series Test Board for Differential Optimal Vertical
- PCB-105043 -TST-04-C – SEAM Series Test Board for Differential Optimal Vertical
- PCB-105043 -TST-05-A – SEAFP Series Test Board for Differential High Density Vertical
- PCB-105043 -TST-05-C – SEAM Series Test Board for Differential High Density Vertical



Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

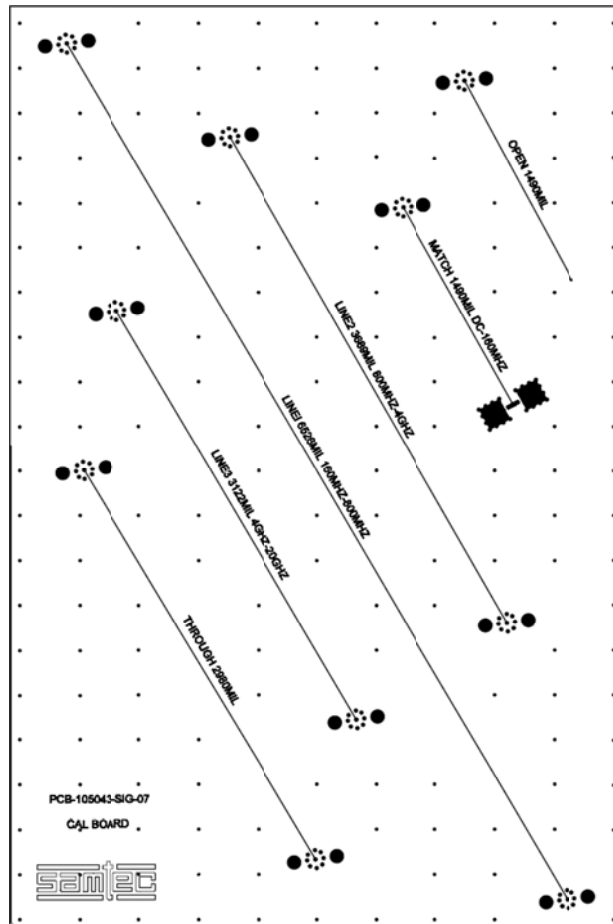


Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Calibration Board

Test fixture losses and test point reflections were removed from the data by use of TRL calibration. The calibration board is shown below. Prior to making any measurements, the calibration board is characterized to obtain parameters required to define the calibration kit. Once a cal kit is defined, calibration using the standards on the calibration board can be performed. Finally, the device can be measured and the test board effects are automatically removed.



- Thru line – 2980 mils
- Open Reflect – 1490 mils
- Line 1 – 6526 mils
- Line 2 – 3689 mils
- Line 3 – 3122 mils
- Match – 1490 mils

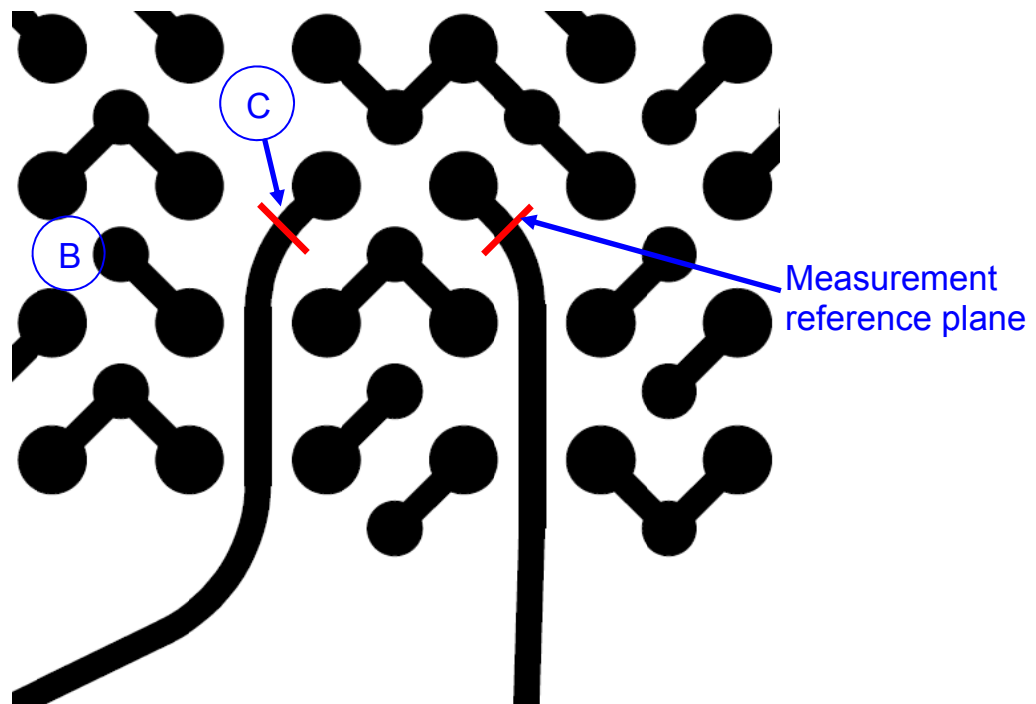
Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

All traces on the test boards are length matched to 1.5" measured from the edge of the pad to the SMA. The TRL calibration effectively removes 1.490" of test board trace effects. This means that 10 mils of test board trace length effects are included in the measurement. The S-Parameter measurement includes:

- A- The SEAFP/SEAM Series connector set
- B- Test board vias, pads (footprint effects)
- C- 10 mils of 9.5 mil wide microstrip trace

The figure below shows the location of the measurement reference plane.



Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Appendix D – Test and Measurement Setup

For frequency domain measurements, the test instrument is the Agilent N5230C PNA-L network analyzer. Frequency domain data and graphs are obtained directly from the instrument. Post-processed time domain data and graphs are generated using convolution algorithms within Agilent ADS. The network analyzer is configured as follows:

Start Frequency – 300 KHz

Stop Frequency – 20 GHz

Number of points -1601

IFBW – 1 KHz

With these settings, the measurement time is approximately 20 seconds.

N5230C Measurement Setup



Test Instruments

<u>QTY</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Agilent N5230C PNA-L Network Analyzer (300 KHz to 20 GHz)
1	Agilent N4433A ecal module (300 KHz to 20 GHz)

Test Cables & Adapters

<u>QTY</u>	<u>Description</u>
4	Gore 0WD01D02039-4 (DC-50 GHz)

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

For impedance measurements, the test instrument is the Tektronix DSA8200 Digital Serial Analyzer mainframe and 80E04 sampling module. The impedance data and profiles are obtained directly from the instrument. The Digital Analyzer is configured as follows:

	Single-Ended Signal	Differential Signal
Vertical Scale:	5 ohm / Div	5 ohm / Div
Offset:	Default / Scroll	Default / Scroll
Horizontal Scale:	200ps/ Div	200ps/ Div
Record Length:	4000	4000
Averages:	≥ 16	≥ 16

DSA8200 Measurement Setup



Test Instruments

<u>QTY</u>	<u>Description</u>
1	Tektronix DSA8200 Digital Serial Analyzer
2	Tektronix 80E04 Dual Channel 20 GHz TDR Sampling Module

Test Cables & Adapters

<u>QTY</u>	<u>Description</u>
2	Samtec RF405-01SP1-01SP1-0305 (DC-20 GHz)

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Appendix E - Frequency and Time Domain Measurements

Frequency (S-Parameter) Domain Procedures

The quality of any data taken with a network analyzer is directly related to the quality of the calibration standards and the use of proper test procedures. For this reason, extreme care is taken in the design of the LRM calibration standards, the SI test boards, and the selection of the PCB vendor.

The measurement process begins with a measurement of the LRM calibration standards. A coaxial SOLT calibration is performed using an N4433A ecal module. This measurement is required in order to obtain precise values of the line standard offset delay and frequency bandwidths. Measurements of the reflect and 2x through line standard can be used to determine the maximum frequency for which the calibration standards are valid. For the SEAFP/SEAM Series test boards, this is greater than 20 GHz.

From the LRM calibration standard measurements, a user defined calibration kit is developed and stored in the network analyzer. Calibration is then performed on all 4 ports following the calibration wizard within the Agilent N5230C. This calibration is saved and can be recalled at any time. Calibration takes roughly 30 minutes to perform.

Time Domain Procedures

Mathematically, Frequency Domain data can be transformed to obtain a Time Domain response. Perfect transformation requires Frequency Domain data from DC to infinity Hz. Fortunately, a very accurate Time Domain response can be obtained with bandwidth-limited data, such as measured with modern network analyzer.

The Time Domain responses were generated using Agilent ADS 2009 update 1. This tool has a transient convolution simulator, which can generate a Time Domain response directly from measured S-Parameters. An example of a similar methodology is provided in the Samtec Technical Note on domain transformation.

http://www.samtec.com/Technical_Library/reference/articles/pdfs/tech-note_using-PLTS-for-time-domain-data_web.pdf

Propagation Delay (TDT)

The Propagation Delay is a measure of the Time Domain delay through the connector and footprint. A step pulse is applied to the touchstone model of the connector and the transmitted voltage is monitored. The same pulse is also applied to a reference channel with zero loss, and the Time Domain pulses are plotted on the same graph. The difference in time, measured at the 50% point of the step voltage is the propagation delay.

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Near-End Crosstalk (TDT) & Far End Crosstalk (TDT)

A step pulse is applied to the touchstone model of the connector and the coupled voltage is monitored. The amplitude of the peak-coupled voltage is recorded and reported as a percentage of the input pulse.

Impedance (TDR)

Measurements involving digital pulses are performed using either Time Domain Reflectometer (TDR) or Time Domain Transmission (TDT) methods. The TDR method is used for the impedance measurements in this report.

The signal line(s) of the SUT's is energized with a TDR pulse and the far-end of the energized signal line is terminated in the test systems characteristic impedance (e.g.; 50Ω or 100Ω terminations). By terminating the adjacent signal lines in the test systems characteristic impedance, the effects on the resultant impedance shape of the waveform is limited. The "best case" signal mapping was tested and is presented in this report.

Series: SEAFP/SEAM Array Series

Description: 1.27mm x 1.27mm grid interconnect system, 16 mm Stack Height

Appendix F – Glossary of Terms

ADS – Advanced Design Systems

BC – Best Case crosstalk configuration

DUT – Device under test, term used for TDA IConnect & Propagation Delay waveforms

FD – Frequency domain

FEXT – Far-End Crosstalk

GSG – Ground–Signal–Ground; geometric configuration

GSSG - Ground–Signal–Signal–Ground; geometric configuration

HDV – High Density Vertical

NEXT – Near-End Crosstalk

OV – Optimal Vertical

OH – Optimal Horizontal

PCB – Printed Circuit Board

PPO – Pin Population Option

SE – Single-Ended

SI – Signal Integrity

SUT – System Under Test

S – Static (independent of PCB ground)

SOLT – acronym used to define Short, Open, Load & Thru Calibration Standards

TD – Time Domain

TDA – Time Domain Analysis

TDR – Time Domain Reflectometry

TDT – Time Domain Transmission

WC – Worst Case crosstalk configuration

Z – Impedance (expressed in ohms)